THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 45. FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 20, 1829. NO. 18.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at FOUR dollars per annum payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or THREE dollars at the end of the year.

ON SALE
At the City Auction Room,
No. 46 Wood Street.

LARGE and small *Porter Bottles*, of a superior quality,
Hollow *Glass-Ware*, assort'd.
Window *Glass* of all sizes,
Juniatta Nails and Brads, do
do and common Rolled Iron,
Nail, Spike and Deck Rods,
Iron *Tea-Kettles, Sad-Irons,*
Pig and Bar Lead—Rifle Powder,
Writing and Wrapping Paper.

ALSO

300 kegs prime Kentucky Tobacco,
500 Boxes superior do segars,
A few do *Stone's* superior Grass and Corn Scythes' together with
100 French Post Bedsteads, a superior article made in the state of New York.
36 Breakfast tables,—Bureaus,
Common and Fancy Chairs asst'd.

And a great variety of other articles, which will be sold at reduced prices for Cash or City acceptances.

J. HANSON.

May 29—tf.

GABRIEL ADAMS,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCER,
Front, beween Market and Wood Streets,

HAS received from the eastward, and by recent arrivals from N. Orleans, a large and general assortment of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, which are offered for sale at the lowest market rates for cash or approved acceptances.

WHISKEY, FLOUR, SCORCHED SALTS, RAGS, &c. will be taken in Barter at market prices.

April 21, 1829—tf.

CALEB LEE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
Market Street, between Fourth and the Diamond,

HAS just received from Philadelphia, an extensive assortment of new and fashionable **Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.** and can furnish gentlemen with coats or full suits, at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

☞ He procured, during his recent visit to Philadelphia, the latest LONDON FASHIONS.

Pittsburgh, April 7, 1829—tf.

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
The Western Farmers' Almanac
FOR THE YEAR 1830.
Being the ONLY Calculation by the Rev. JOHN TAYLOR.
ALSO,
A German Almanac,
(A continuation of Goeb's.)
WITH SAME CALCULATION.
The copyright of this calculation is secured.
H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
Pittsburgh, August 18, 1829.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

N. B. The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms, viz.

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d- Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829—tf.

Porcelain Teeth.

DOCT. E. MERRITT, DENTIST, having during his late visit to the Eastern cities acquired the art of manufacturing the above Teeth, celebrated for their beauty, incorruptibility and strength, is prepared to supply the public with them. He has also furnished himself with Natural Teeth, as well as the best materials for making artificial ones.

Doct. E. M. has it in his power to accommodate Ladies and Gentlemen with all the various kinds of Teeth now in use, and can confidently promise to adapt them to the mouth in the neatest and best manner.

Dental operations performed at his office, in Fourth, No. 70, between Market and Wood streets.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 18.—tf.

LOTS
In the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh.

FOR sale, upon accommodating terms, a number of valuable LOTS fronting on *Penn* and *Liberty* streets, in the *Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh.* These lots are upon the great thoroughfare to Philadelphia, and in the vicinity of the *Cotton Factories, Iron Works,* and other manufacturing establishments. A plan may be seen at the office of D. S. Scully, Esq. in the Diamond.

For terms apply to
HARMAR DENNY.

March 24, 1829—tf.

Public Notice is Hereby Given,

THAT the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H. Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1829—tf.

The American Fire Insurance Co.

OF Philadelphia, daily make insurance against loss or damage by FIRE on HOUSES and MERCHANDISE. Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101, Chestnut street, Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Agent,
No. 26, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

April 25—tf

EDUCATION.

MY EVENING SCHOOL will be open for the reception of Students, on Wednesday, the 14th instant.

☞ Apply at the School Room, No. 56, Third Street.—Terms moderate.

JOHN M'NEVIN, *Instructor.*

Pittsburgh, Oct. 16, 1829.—tf

JUST RECEIVED,
By Wetmore & Havens,
No. 97 MARKET STREET,

AN extensive addition to their stock, of complete sets of plain gold and ornamented China Tea Ware, China Coffee Bowls and Saucers; China Teas; Butter Cans; Honey Plates; Bowls, Pitchers; Cake and Tea Plates; Ornaments; Blancmange Molds; Toast-racks, &c.

A new and splendid style of Dining and Chamber Ware. Also, a good assortment of Britania Ware.

All which they offer for sale, on better terms than have ever been offered west of the mountains, and equally as good as can be obtained in Philadelphia, Baltimore, or New York.

Pittsburgh, September 1, 1829.—tf.

English Reader and Vocabulary

THE subscribers have recently published Bentley's revised and improved edition of the English Reader; with the addition of a Vocabulary annexed to the work; containing all the words used in the English Reader, *divided, accented, defined,* and the part of speech annexed; arranged in *alphabetical* order; adapted to the orthography and *pronunciation of Walker:* with a *Key* representing the different sounds of the vowels referred to by the figures:—To which is added a catalogue of the *proper names* contained in the English Reader, pronounced according to Mr. Walker's rules for the pronunciation of proper names:—Likewise a general *summary* of the *Globe;* containing a list of the different *countries,* and their population, the number of *square miles;* the number of *inhabitants* to each square mile; the *chief cities,* the form of *government* and prevailing *religion.*

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

Pittsburgh, Oct 17—tf

AUCTION SALES.

P. M'KENNA,
AUCTIONEER,
No. 99 Market street, between Liberty and Fifth streets,

EVERY TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Having made arrangements to the eastward, a constant supply of GOODS will always be on hand, which will be disposed of at private as well as public sale; as also a variety of Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles.

Pittsburgh, July 4, 1828—tf

PASSAGE FROM IRELAND.

THE subscribers having established the following well known fast sailing coppered SHIPS in the trade between this port, BELFAST and LONDONDERRY, they will succeed each other in sailing throughout the year.

Ship BENJ. RUSH, Captain Henry Duff,
" ULYSSES, " John Myres,
" DUMFRIES, " Joseph Harvey,

These ships being all of the first class, and roomy between decks, and commanded by captains experienced in the Passenger Trade, those who come out by them may rely on every comfort which can be provided. Persons residing in any part of this country wishing to send for their friends from either ENGLAND, IRELAND, or SCOTLAND, can secure a certain passage by calling personally on the subscribers, or by application to their agents, Messrs. R. GALWAY & Co. Pittsburgh.

WM. & THOS. ADAIR.

Baltimore, July, 1829.—2aw.6mo.

PITTSBURGH STEEL.
Manufactured by S Broadmeadow & Co.

THIS Steel will bear a *welding heat,* and is *tempered* or *hardened as the Crowly Steel,* and we warrant it as equal to the *best* English Blister Steel.

S. BROADMEADOW & Co.

May 15—1y.

GEORGE GOLDER,
Auctioneer & Commission Merchant,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

REFER TO

Messrs John Dillon & Son, Mr. James Raguet, J. S. Copeland, D. Convers, } *Zanesville.*
K'Kee Clark & Co. Richard Bowen, Mason & M'Donough, John D. Davis, } *Pittsburgh.*
Jno. Golder, Esq.—*Philadelphia.*
Col. Noah Zane, Knox & M'Kee; Zane & Pentoney, } *Wheeling.*
A. Golder,—*Baltimore.*
Wheeler & Chamberlain,—Cincinnati.

January 27, 1829.—1y.

S. Baird & Co.

INFORM their friends and the public in general, that they have associated *W. G. Alexander,* (late clerk of Wm. Bell, Jr.) in their wholesale business at No. 106 Wood Street. The business will be conducted as heretofore, under the firm of S. BAIRD & Co. They tender their thanks to their friends for past favors and solicit a continuance.

S. Baird & Co. are now receiving a large and general assortment of EUROPEAN, INDIA AND DOMESTIC GOODS, purchased at the lowest prices in the Eastern Markets, which they will dispose of on accommodating terms, by the piece or package.

They have also a large assortment of PAPER HANGINGS AND BORDERINGS of every description, being sole agents for the manufacturers, J. Shidle & Co.

Feb. 27—tf.

For Sale.

THE old Theatre Lot, 60 feet on Third Street: Also 60 feet on Smithfield street, corner of Diamond Alley. A quantity of good seasoned boards, and a large bill of seasoned scantling.

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

April 14—tf.

Steam Mill Flour, &c. &c.

300 barrels fresh Steam Mill FLOUR;
40,000 lbs. pig LEAD, from Fever River;
5,000 lbs. bar LEAD;
15,000 lbs. SHOT, assorted numbers;
For sale by
ALLEN & GRANT.

July 21, 1839.

ROMANCES OF REAL LIFE. In two volumes. "For a light, free, flowing, and truly feminine style, we know not where to look for Mrs. Charles Gore's equal among living female writers, or her superior among dead ones. She is a charming writer, and one who will not easily find a rival, except in—herself. In other words, she, and she only, is the writer who can make us forget the pleasure which we have received from these 'Romances of Real Life.'"—*Court Jour.*

Just received and for sale by
HOLDSHIP & SON.

Sept. 18.—tf.

WALLACE & BEGGES,
CLOCK & WATCH MAKERS
No 29, Market, Corner of 2nd Street,

HAVE just received, and are now opening, a large and most splendid assortment of

WATCHES,
Jewellery, & Fancy Goods,

of every description, viz: Gold and Silver Chronometers, Patent Lever, Lapine, Repeating, and Plain WATCHES, JEWELLERY of the latest fashion, with a general assortment of goods in their line of business. They are now prepared to sell *Wholesale or Retail,* on very accommodating terms.

Constantly on hand watch and clock Tools and Materials—wholesale and retail.

June 26, 1829.

HENRY JONES & CO.
No. 3, (Patterson's Row,) St. Clair Street,

HAVE for sale, of their own manufacture—
TABLE Diaper and Towels,
7-8 and 4-4 Bed Ticks, 6, 7 and 8 hundred,
3 and 4 qr. Checks, 7, 8, 9 and 10 hundred,
3 and 4 qr. Plaids and Stripes, 8, 9 and 10 do.
Wilmington and Jean Stripes 8 and 9 do.
Bleached Satteen Cord,
12 qr. square Counterpanes,
Steam Boat do
Eagle Coverlets.

All of which they will sell low for city acceptances or Cash.

Pittsburgh, June 26, 1829.—tf.

INDEMNITY FOR LOSS BY
FIRE.
The Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia,

LATELY incorporated by an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, with perpetual charter, for the sole purpose of insuring from Loss or Damage by Fire—

HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that they are prepared to effect Insurance, IN TOWN AND COUNTRY, on Houses, Barns, Manufactories, Stores, and other Buildings, Ships in harbour and upon the stocks, and on Goods, Wares and Merchandise upon the land or lying in port, and on Agricultural Products, upon as liberal terms as any similar institution.

Applications made at the office, No. 163 1-2 Chestnut-street, third door below Fifth-street, either personally or by letter, with description of the property, will receive prompt attention.

CHARLES N. BANCKER,
Secretary.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—3mo

Fourth St. Livery Stable.

THE subscriber having purchased the Stable formerly occupied by Wm. Graham, jr. in Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield, and having enlarged the stock, is now prepared to accommodate the public with carriages, barouches, gigs,, and riding horses on the most reasonable terms and of the best quality.

Also, Horses kept by the day, week, month or year.

A. B. SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, August 25, 1829.—3m

A neat Hearse in good order and ready at the shortest notice. Charges to the poor for the hearse will be moderate.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the Bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.
Allegheny-Town

August 25, 1826.—tf.

Damask Table Cloths.

SIX, eight and ten quarters, of any length that may be required, wove by Thomas Brown, for sale at the DOMESTIC WAREHOUSE, No. 26, Wood street. Also

Towne's Diaper Table Linen.

Orders for the above addressed to the subscriber will receive prompt attention.

GEO. COCHRAN of Richd.
March 3.—tf Agent. P. M. A.

PROVISIONS, &c. &c.

300 barrels fresh FLOUR,
50,000 pounds BACON,
100 barrels WHISKEY,
100 do prime PORK,
100 do MACKEREL,
75 hhds. } SUGAR,
100 bls. }
100 bales COTTON.
few casks Muskrat Skins, just received from Fever River,

For sale by
ALLEN & GRANT.

July 17, 1829.—tf.

THOMAS ROSS NEWBOLD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Market street, under the Pittsburgh Reading Rooms. Nov. 6—3*

SHOES & LEATHER.

JAMES H. DAILY
NO. 75, WOOD STREET,

Has just received a general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Of every description, purchased at the Eastern Market, within the last month. His stock now consists of a choice variety.

ALSO—*A QUANTITY OF*

LEATHER,

Of various kinds; and having made arrangements to be regularly supplied from the eastward, with the above articles, he will be enabled to dispose of them to country merchants and others, on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 23—tf t.

NOW OPENING,

A LARGE and extensive ASSORTMENT of

MACHINE CARDS,

From the Manufactory of J. & J. A. Smith & Co. Leicester. Mass. which with their former stock will be disposed of on the most accommodating terms. Also a lot on hand, to close consignment, which are offered at very reduced prices.

Orders for Cotton Cards will be punctually attended to.

WM. BELL, Jr. & Co.
No. 51 Wood Street.

Feb. 17, 1829—ttf.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE LOT, containing nine and a half Acres, in the borough of Allegheny, situated on the Bank of the Ohio River, and in view of this city. The whole will be sold or divided as to suit purchasers. The terms may be known by applying to

JOHN E. PARK,
At J. Hannen's Drug Store, corner of Market and Liberty streets, or to
DR. C. L. ARMSTRONG.

Sept. 25, 1829.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE LANDS, late the property of John Way, Esq. deceased, are now offered *FOR SALE,* by the Executors, viz.

No. 25, Leet's District, of 200 acres, situated on the Ohio river, 20 miles from Pittsburgh. The road from Pittsburgh to Beaver passes through the improved part of this land, which abounds in coal and limestone.

No. 26, same district, adjoining No. 25, containing 200 acres of first rate land, a large portion of river bottom. The road to Beaver also passes through this tract. These two tracts are first rate land, and from their situation on the road and river, must in a few years become valuable.

No. 249, Elder's district, 200 acres, situate in Armstrong county, on Buffalo Creek, about 5 miles from Kittanning, and 35 miles from Pittsburgh. On this tract, there is a salt well 300 feet deep, with other preparations for the manufacture of salt, and a good prospect of an abundant supply of salt water, and an inexhaustible bank of coal.

☞ For further particulars and terms of sale, apply to ABISHAI WAY, Merchant, Pittsburgh, or to NICHOLAS WAY, on the Beaver road, 13 miles from Pittsburgh.

December 15, 1826—tf

PAPER HANGINGS.

THE subscribers having enlarged their *Paper Staining Establishment,* and procured some of the best workmen from the eastward, now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, *at the Philadelphia prices,* a choice assortment of

COMMON, GLAZED AND RAINBOW
PAPERS,

Of the latest patterns, and equal to any heretofore sold in this market; a constant supply of which, in all their varieties, with suitable borders, will be kept on hand.

Also on hand, a large assortment of FRENCH WALL PAPERS and

Velvet Bordering.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
Corner of Wood & Third Streets.

October 10—tf

Woollen & Cotton Goods.

THE Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association have received from the manufacturers, *at educed prices,*

Blue, Brown, Black and Mixed Broad Cloths.
Flannels assorted colors, and Cassinetts,
Plaids, Checks, Tickings, Cotton Yarn, &c.

On hand—TABLE LINEN and CARPETS.

No. 26 Wood-street,
Pittsburgh, August 4, 1829. }

Pittsburgh manufactured FILES of a superior quality for sale as above.

Second Hand Clothing.

A GENERAL assortment of second Hand CLOTHING kept on hand and for sale at moderate prices, by

A. D. LEWIS,

Wood, between Second and Third Streets.

June 5—tf.

Gentlemen's Clothing also scoured in the neatest manner.

FOR SALE,

THAT beautiful Tract of Land called FARM HILL, situated in Fayette township, Allegheny county, between the Noblestown road and Chartier's creek, about eight miles from Pittsburgh, containing THREE HUNDRED ACRES and allowance, about ninety acres of which are cleared.

On this place there is a good two story hewn log DWELLING HOUSE and KITCHEN, an excellent ORCHARD of Apple, Cherry and Peach Trees; a good Spring near the dwelling house, and an abundance of Stone Coal. That portion of the tract which is not cleared is remarkably well timbered.

If desired by a purchaser, possession could be given on the first day of November next.

For further information inquire of the subscriber, who lives near the place, or of Jacob Hanson, Auctioneer, in the City of Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

June 23, 1829—tf.

J. HANSON,
Auctioneer, and Commission Merchant,
No. 46, Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

IS now opening extensive consignments of choice seasonable
British, French, India, and Domestic
DRY GOODS:
Together with a quantity of
Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, &c.

All of which, (having been selected with much care, in *Philadelphia, New-York,* and *Baltimore,*) will be sold, by *Package* or *Piece,* at *Private Sale,* on accommodating terms. Country merchants are most respectfully invited to call and examine his stock.

PUBLIC SALES continued, as usual, every *Monday* and *Thursday,* at 10 o'clock, A. M. and every *Saturday evening,* at ~~half~~ past 6.

BOOKS.

The City Auction Room is also constantly supplied with an extensive collection of Miscellaneous, School and Blank BOOKS, which may be had at private sale at auction prices.

Pittsburgh, March 24, 1829—tf.

James Adams Jr. & Co.
GROCERS,
MARKET, BETWEEN FRONT AND WATER STREETS.

HAVING taken that large and commodious Ware-House formerly occupied by *Ekin & Ledlie,* respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they are just receiving and now offer for sale a choice selection of Groceries consisting of

Prime Green and Java COFFEE,
Y. Hyson, Imp'l. and Gunpowder TEA,
Pepper, Allspice, Cloves and Nutmegs,
Loaf and Lump SUGAR.
Benegal and Carracas Indigo,
Madder, Ginger, Rice &c.
Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Warranted Genuine Havana SEGARS,
Flint's, Cabamas' & Dosamygos',
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES,
Brandy, H. Gin, Jamaica Spirits &c.
A few Gallons choice old champaigne Brandy of 1802.

All of which they will sell low for Cash or acceptances, either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Having made arrangements for a constant supply, they respectfully solicit Country Merchants and others to favor them with a call.

April 3, 1829—tf.

JUNIATA IRON AND NAILS.

THE subscribers having considerably enlarged their Manufacturing Establishment, would inform their customers and the public generally, that they have constantly on hand a handsome assortment of the best *Juniata Bar, Round and Square Iron,* of all the various sizes.

Also, *Boiler, Hoop and Sheet Iron,* of the best quality.

Having entirely abandoned the process of puddling, they are now manufacturing all the various sizes of NAILS from 3d to 20d, of the very best Juniata Blooms and principally by eastern workmen. All orders for any of the above articles can be filled with promptness, on as advantageous terms as at any other establishment in the place.

It may be observed, that the subscribers stamp all their Bar Iron with their names.

P. SHOENBERGER & SON,
Juniata Iron Works, Near Pittsburgh.

Aug. 18, 1829.—3mo.

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,
FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
Have for sale, an assortment of
Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,
ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.
ALSO,
Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS,* Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish, and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice.

JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28—tf.

Pine Creek Iron Works.
For Sale,

ONE half of the well known establishment situated near the Canal, about five miles above Pittsburgh, formerly in possession of M. B. Belknap and carried on, lately, by M'Clurg & Co. and Ekin & Ledlie. The establishment is seated on an excellent tract of land of about one hundred acres, having a number of dwellings convenient to the works for manager and hands. The works are in complete order for the manufacturing and rolling of iron, and for manufacturing nails, spades, axes, hoes &c. &c. Part of the machinery may be put in motion either by steam or water power, and from the general arrangement of the whole, every description of work connected with the establishment may be well done as economically as at any other in the western country.

Apply to
JOHN D. DAVIS,
ISAAC LIGHTNER, } Assignees of
JOHN S. RIDDLE, } Ekin & Ledlie.

March 27—tf.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission
WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber, about the first of August last, a red and white heifer, a slit in the under side of the left ear and about three years old. Also, last spring, a red and white cow, no ear marks, and about ten or twelve years old.

GEO. MERRIMAN.

Ohio township, Allegheny county, November 11, 1829 Nov. 13.—3t*

GROUND CAMWOOD,

Ground Campeachy Logwood, Fustic, Turmeric, Blue Vitriol, Crude Tartar, &c.

JUST RECEIVED at the New Drug and Color Warehouse, corner of Sixth and Wood streets. B. A. FAHNESTOCK.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3—3*

HIDES.

250 N. ORLEANS SALTED HIDES for sale by JOHN RAMSEY,
Oct. 30—w4t *Mansion House.*

C. J. SHEPPARD, Glazed Wadding Manufacturer, has constantly on hand, a supply of Black and White Wadding, either in large or small quantities.

N. B.—Residence corner of Short and Water-Street. Sept. 25.—3mo.

New Wholesale Store.
M. & F. TIERNAN

HAVE opened a large and extensive assortment of British India, French, and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

In M'Donald's Square, on Liberty strt. near the corner of Market and Liberty streets,

Which they purchased at the Philadelphia and New York Auctions, entirely for cash, and will sell by the package or piece at a small advance for cash or acceptances.

Pittsburgh, August 1, 1829.—1aw6mo

JUST RECEIVED,

A LARGE assortment of superior *ivory handled KNIVES and FORKS,* in sets; Nut Crackers, silver and plated Butter Knives; plated Tea and Table Spoons; plated Casters and Candlesticks; Astral, Stand, Chamber and Liverpool Lamps; superior Mantel Ornaments, &c. &c.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK,
Corner of Fifth & Wood streets.

Pittsburgh, July 21—wtf

New Fall & Winter Goods.
A. WAY & Co.
No. 47 MARKET STREET,

HAVE just received from the Philadelphia and New York Auctions, (purchased at very reduced prices,) a large and general assortment of EUROPEAN, INDIA, & AMERICAN

DRY GOODS.

On consignment from the manufactory,
"Harmony" Cloths, Cassinetts, Flannels, Blankets, &c.

ALSO, —"ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS,
WARRANTED GENUINE STAMP,

Imported direct from the manufactory in Holland, which will be sold by the piece or a less quantity, to suit purchasers, at the Philadelphia or New York prices. Oct. 6—8tw

GREENAWALT & COVER

NO. 48, WOOD STREET two doors above the Pittsburgh Hotel, have just received a new and splendid assortment of Gold and Silver Patent Lever, L'Epine, and Plain Watches; Gold, Plated, Gilt and Steel Chains; Gold Seals and Keys; Gold Breast Pins; Ear and Finger Rings; Ever Pointed Silver Pencils; Silver Edge and Plated Castors and Candle Sticks; Britannia Coffee and Tea Setts; a variety of Fancy Goods, such as Bracelets, Clasps & Buckles; and a small lot of Musical Boxes; also, a lot of Gentlemen's Canes. A general assortment of Spectacle Glasses, white convex, concave and plain; green and blue, of various shades, concave and plain. Also, a few eight day Clocks.

Watches and Clocks carefully repaired and warranted.

November 3—tf.

Cheap Hardware.

THE subscribers being about to remove from this place, are selling off their stock, comprising a general assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, &c. for cash or approved acceptances. A large number of the goods are entirely new, having been imported into the city of Philadelphia only last month, where they were bought at the lowest possible rates. Country merchants and others, will therefore have an opportunity of making their purchases at very reduced prices, by calling on the subscribers, who are anxious to close their business forthwith.

JAMES H. CRESSON & Co.
67 Wood-street, Pittsburgh.

Sept. 11, 1829.—w3m

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

THE Citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity are respectfully informed that the subscriber has opened an INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, in Third Street, No. 82½, between Wood and Market streets, directly opposite the Hay-Scales.

☞ The proprietors of manufactories and hotels, or merchants and families, may be supplied with assistants; and clerks, teachers, laboring men, servants, &c. may procure situations by applying at the office.

J. WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 6—w3

FRANKLIN
Cut Glass and Watch Crystal
MANUFACTORY,
No. 79, Fourth st. 2 doors from Wood st.

O'Leary & Bailey,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public in general that they continue the manufacture of CUT GLASS and WATCH CRYSTALS, and from a long experience both in Europe and America, they are enabled to furnish any order in their line as good and on as low terms as any manufactory in the United States. Merchants and others wishing to purchase, will find it their interest to call.

N. B. Orders for plain GLASS, filled at the lowest factory prices.

May 29—w6mo*.

TO MY CREDITORS.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, of Allegheny county, for the benefit of the Acts of Assembly, made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that the said Court has appointed Monday, the 7th day of December next, for the hearing of me and my creditors, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, at which time and place you may attend, if you should think proper, and show cause, if any you have, why I should not be discharged.

DANIEL LARGE,
Late of Philadelphia County, Machinist, now of Beaver County.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 17, 1829.—3tw

Miscellany.

From the Albion.

M. CHABERT, THE FIRE EATER.

[Several London papers by the last arrivals contain extraordinary accounts of the wonderful feats of this person—many of which place implicit faith in their reality. Drinking boiling lead and boiling oil, rubbing his hair and tongue with red hot iron, placing himself in an oven heated to a degree that would dissolve any of the metals, are performances of mere amusement with M. Chabert. The Morning Chronicle, however, from which we extract the following, pretty clearly proves that much deception is practised by the worthy fire eater, and that his wonders are mere tricks of jugglery and sleight of hand.]

A great deal of matter, certainly calculated to astonish this age of science, has been published respecting Monsieur Chabert's pyrotechnical performances, as if the age of wonders, or even of miracles, were restored. There is no secret whatever in the degree of heat which animal life can sustain; and, although it may vary considerably with different individuals, the maximum has been pretty well determined by scientific experiments. M. Chabert's nature, for aught we know, may be anti-phlogistic beyond all precedent, and he may have applied the usual method of indurating the skin more successfully than his predecessors; but when he pretends to go beyond a certain length, we are reduced to the dilemma of imputing to him sleight of hand, or of disbelieving all the established laws of physics. We need not say which alternative we shall adopt. We are far from wishing to depreciate M. Chabert's exhibition, for his mode of gaining his livelihood is by no means pleasant, and his performance, of its class, is sufficiently good to deserve approbation: but where he attempts to impose, by pretending to do what is impossible, or what he does not do, our feelings for him must merge in our duty to the public.—When he last exhibited himself at White Conduit House, we stated the contrivance by which he made the spectators believe in the reality of his feats. For instance he professed to remain in an oven heated to a degree sufficient to corrugate, or even cook a beef steak.

We acted the *Paul Pry* upon this occasion, and by peeping through a fissure in the oven, detected the trick. The mass of burning embers by which the oven had been heated was not as he pretended, fairly swept out. Those that were ignited were acervated in one corner, and the steak, so far from being left to the action of the heated air of the oven, was put between two tin dishes, and was embodied in the mass of the burning embers in the corner. We need not say that it was cooked, and well cooked, in a very short time. Again, we gave M. Chabert his own thermometer, desiring him to hold it in the middle of the oven, or even against the wall, in order to ascertain the mean temperature. This he professed to do, although we saw him thrust the bulb of the thermometer into the embers, and when he returned it to us, the scale was discolored by the fire, and had some of the embers sticking to it. By this fraud he made the spectators believe that he was breathing in atmosphere heated to nearly six hundred degrees—a heat that would have fused platina. M. Chabert in swallowing the phosphorus, washed it down with, what he asserted was, pure water.—We took the liberty of tasting it, and found it saturated with alkali. We need not say that all the *wonders* of this exhibition, as well as the performances of all mountebanks, are not aberrations of physical causes and effects, but sleight of hand, which, when well performed, and not passed off as realities, deserve the praise we are willing to bestow on Monsieur Chabert. There is no novelty whatever, in these performances. They were well known to the old Greeks, particularly in Asia; they were familiar to the Latins, and in the middle ages, the priests turned them, as they did every thing else, into their craft of creating a confidence in their miraculous powers. The fire eaters were common in Asia and Africa. Mr. Locke, in speaking of the sights of London in the reign of Charles the Second, enumerates this species of exhibition. The principles on which these men proceed are well known. By continued use of acid solutions and of alum, they in time indurate the cuticle, and destroy its sensibility. The power of bearing heat in the mouth is produced by exciting an extraordinary secretion of saliva, until the absorption of which no serious pain will be felt from the heated body put into the mouth. The swallowing of boiling oil consists of a trick of mixing the oil with water, the latter of which imbibes the caloric, and leaves the oil comparatively cool.—Much also depends on the sort of oil used, for some oils—such, for instance, as oil of turpentine—will boil at one half the temperature of other oils, such as linseed oil, &c. Alcohol and ether boil at very low points of the thermometer, and, by mixing these, the ebullition of oil or water will be produced at a lower point of the scale than people are aware of. Yesterday we scrutinized the Fire King's ignifer-ous patent to pre-eminence. M. Chabert omitted the swallowing of phosphorus and other poisons, of which we were very glad, for the trick is too well understood to amuse, and, to our tastes, too disgusting to witness. His first exploit was that of rubbing a heated shovel over his tongue and hair. The shovel was not red hot, and by the time M. Chabert had reached our point of room, the shovel was so cool that, by merely spitting on our fingers and thumbs, we could squeeze it. Then came the experiments of the boiling lead. A gentleman in the room, who seemed to eye things with great acuteness, requested the Fire King to merge the bulb of the thermometer into the liquid metal. This he refused, on the plea that it would break the thermometer. No thermometer will break whilst the tube permits the mercury to rise. This thermometer was graduated, we believe, to 680 degrees, which would admit of the melting of any metal—and it was submitted to M. Chabert whether he ought to place the value of a thermometer in competition with convincing the audience of the integrity of the experiment. The test, however, was refused. Lead melts at 591 degrees; mixed with tin and bismuth it will melt at 200 degrees—what a range for fraud in this feat. Then came the experiment of swallowing the boiling oil. The thermometer rose no higher than 320, although we know that oil will not boil at less than 600 degrees. We cannot say whether ether or what was mixed with it, but it contained a strong brown sediment. Oil parts with its caloric, or, in other terms, gets cold very rapidly, and between the taking the thermometer out of the oil and putting the oil into the mouth, time elapsed sufficient to cool the oil considerably. We did not see a single drop go down Mr. Chabert's throat, he merely let it run off his tongue on the floor. We scrutinized particularly his going into the oven, and cooking the beefsteak there. The oven is a cube, of about seven feet, made of brick, four inches and a half thick. It has a cast-iron bottom and door, with a chimney, calculated to create a rapid alteration of temperature. A gentleman in the room proposed to M. Chabert, that before taking the tin dishes of steak into the oven, he should have it cleared of the mass of burning embers at its extremity. But Monsier Chabert was no such baby as this querist supposed him, and he had around him many a cunning little Isaac, who began to make the room too hot for the challenger to bear, who prudently withdrew from the contest, allowing M. Chabert to enter his oven as cool as he pleased. M. Chabert, however, said he would *convince* the company of the excessive heat of the oven, though he would not sweep out the embers. He accordingly took the thermometer, and hung it at the back of the interior of the oven immediately over this embarkment of hot embers and the mercury rose to four hundred and twenty degrees.—This was no more a test of the heat of that part of the oven where M. Chabert was to stand, than hanging a thermometer up a chimney would indicate the mean temperature, or rather lowest temperature, of a drawing room. Making a moderate allowance for cooling the oven by leaving open the door, &c. between his absurd experiment of the thermometer and M. Chabert's entering the oven, we should say that he had to sustain a much less degree of heat than has been borne by Sir Gilbert Blane and other eminent pesons, who have made philosophical experiments of the maximum of heat under which the animal functions will proceed. The whole exhibition appeared very paltry. The average intellect of a mixed company, even, we fear, in England, must be very low; for the spectators in this instance, seemed very averse to any test which could prove whether they were dupes, or whether the feats of Monsieur Chabert were done with integrity. Waiving the fashionable, or the booby amusement of the audience, we really wished philosophically to ascertain the degress of heat which M. Chabert could bear. The audience had no such notions, and notwithstanding the march of intellect, the pleasure is still as great,

"Of being cheated as to cheat."

M. Chabert declared to the company, that he had no interest whatever in the exhibition, for he was paid a regular salary by certain persons, who had hired him to gratify the gaping propensity of honest John Bull.

From the London Morning Chronicle.

EXTENSIVE FORGERIES.

We have to record another instance of extensive forgeries having been committed by a tradesman, in a manner similar to that practised by the unfortunate Hunton, who was some time ago executed at the Old Bailey. In this instance the delinquent has eluded justice, and there is every reason to believe that he has departed for the United States. The name of the person is Wm. Robert Gardner, who for a considerable time past has carried on the business of a map and chart seller and engraver, in Harpur street, Red Lion square. He had been in business about 18 years as a map seller, but about 11 months ago he opened a large warehouse, which he fitted up with expensive apparatus, to carry on the trade of an engraver also, in which line he is said to have been clever, having obtained the engraving department of several banking houses. His house and establishment were upon an elegant scale, and every thing denoted him to be an opulent tradesman. He was about forty years of age, of a very prepossessing exterior, and agreeable manners, so as to deceive those who at the time had no reason to suppose he was carrying on business with a fictitious capital, or that he was otherwise than a man of considerable substance. He kept a number of workmen and several apprentices. There is reason to believe that he has been carrying on his forgeries for many years, by putting respectable names to bills, and taking them up a day or two before they became due, so as to prevent any suspicion of their being genuine. Of late, in one or two instances, a strong suspicion was entertained that the bills were forged; but the great severity of the law made the parties unwilling to prosecute, and upon the money being paid the subject was dropped.—These instances seem to have induced Mr. Gardner to adopt the plan of getting a good sum of money, and leave the country before a final explosion of the extent of his defalcation was made, which he foresaw would sooner or later take place. It is supposed that he quitted London on the 29th July, having on that day left home with his son, a lad of eight years old under the pretence of sojourning for a fortnight in the country for the benefit of his health: since that time he had not been heard of, and either on that day or shortly after, he was seen in the London Docks, looking after a vessel about to sail for New York. His wife and three other children remain behind, and his wife declares she does not know where her husband is. The first suspicion of his having purposely absented himself arose from the following circumstances:—A young gentleman named Joslen, who boarded and lodged in Mr. Gardner's house, had some private property to the amount of several thousands of pounds; this coming to the knowledge of Gardner, he so won the good opinion of Mr. Joslen as to induce him to discount a number of bills, and about nine months ago Mr. Joslen was actually prevailed upon to sell out the remains of his funded property (£500) which had been just bequeathed to him, to cash some more of Gardner's bills; all the bills purported to be drawn on persons whose respectability was undoubted, and as it was well known that he had dealings with them, no suspicion was created until Gardner had left town, when one of them became due, and it was discovered to be a forgery. Inquiries were then made about the other bills in Mr. Joslen's possession, and they all proved to be forgeries. That young gentleman has, therefore, been defrauded of nearly £4,000, being almost all he possessed. Bills in the possession of other persons shortly afterwards became due, and it was ascertained that forgeries to a far greater extent had been committed, amounting in the whole, it is supposed, to from £8,000 to £10,000. It was also ascertained, upon inquiry, that Gardner, within a few days of leaving town, obtained from various tailors and shoemakers goods in their trade to the amount of several hundred pounds upon credit, besides from other persons goods in his own trade, such as maps, optical instruments, &c. to the amount of nearly £1,000.—It cannot be ascertained what ready cash he has taken with him, but it is known that the night before he left, he got several of his forged bills discounted.

Gardner's plan seems to have been to concoct bills purporting to be drawn upon respectable London houses by persons at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Leeds, Liverpool, &c. payable at a London banker's, and providing for them before they became due, to avoid detection. In this manner it is known he has for several years obtained large discounts. The whole of his defalcations have not yet been discovered, but among the sufferers by forged bills, besides Mr. Joslen, are Messrs. Rivington, of St. Paul's Church Yard; Mr. Lowrie, an engraver; Messrs. Harvey & Darton, of Grace-church street; Mr. W. Darton, of Holborn-hill; and Mr. Smith, a map-seller in the Strand.

In consequence of Gardner's absence from home and the number of bills becoming due in such quick succession, it was deemed necessary to make him a bankrupt, Mr. Joslen being the petitioning creditor; and Mr. Reynolds, of Carmarthen-street, Tottenham-court-road, the solicitor, to work the commission. The above facts came out upon the first meeting of creditors. Yesterday another meeting was held before the Commissioners of Bankrupt, at Guildhall; and at the third meeting it is intended to proceed to outlawry. It is not expected that the assets will produce a shilling in the pound!

FATAL AMOUR.

One of the most painful circumstances we ever recorded, and which has excited every where the deepest regret, occurred at Knockhill, near Ecclefechan, between the night of Monday and the morning of Tuesday, the 15th ult. The proprietor of Knockhill is a stranger in Annandale, having arrived only a few weeks ago. His servants, however, had been long in the place; and one of them, it appears had contracted an intimacy with a neighboring miller—a young man by the name of Thomas Bell.——Before the heads of the family arrived, access to the servants was sufficiently easy; and though a stricter discipline was adopted, the miller, on the unfortunate night alluded to, determined to see his sweetheart at all hazards. With this view, he repaired to Knockhill at the hour of midnight and reached the lower story by squeezing his body through the iron "staunchells," though they seemed scarcely wide enough to admit a cat. The footman's apartment is right above the window by which the other entered. Tuesday was washing day, when the maidens required to be early astir; and while endeavoring to keep himself awake over a book, that he might arouse them as he had promised, at the hour appointed, he heard a noise, and descended the stairs to ascertain the cause.—By this time the noise had ceased; and though he searched every where, he found all right.—Again he returned to his room, and continued reading till the hour of one. He then went down stairs a second time, and when near the bottom, was astonished to see a man running into the laundry, without coat, hat, or shoes. The footman followed, traced the intruder to a closet in the apartment just named, and then called him, as he valued his personal safety, to state who he was, and what he wanted. To this question he received no answer, and his suspicions of the man's intentions were increased when he found the closet door made fast from within. As it was possible the man might have confederates, he proceeded to awake a fellow servant and another person, a bell-hanger, who happened to be sleeping in the house at the time. His next care was to procure his master's gun (loaded with small shot;) and armed with it, and followed by his companions, he repaired a second time to the laundry. The closet door was now unfastened, and on pushing it ajar, he beheld the same person making his way through the window—a task of great difficulty, from the closeness of the bars. Again he called on the intruder to give his name, and explain what he was doing in such a place, at such an hour, adding emphatically, "speak, or I'll fire!" Still no answer was returned, a most unfortunate circumstance, for in a moment the fatal triger was touched and drawn, and the unfortunate youth was mortally wounded

Almost simultaneously with the report of the musket, he dropped from the window, feebly exclaimed, "Oh! the lasses," and in less than three minutes was a lifeless corpse. The scene that followed was heart-rending in the extreme. The deceased was far above the character of a robber, and his errand to Knockhill was to visit a girl to whom he was attached and about to be married; and though he had chosen a most unsuitable hour, and was further blameable in concealing his name, consternation was depicted in every countenance when the real circumstances of the case were ascertained, and the full extent of the calamity discovered. The feelings of the girl it is impossible to describe; but altogether it was most affecting to see those who were so soon to be united in matrimony—the one a lifeless corpse, and the other, so long as consciousness remained, bending over the bleeding body, and bathing it with her tears. The sheriff has investigated the case fully, and all that can be said at present, is, that the event is most unfortunate, and will remind some of our readers, from the near neighborhood of the locality and other circumstances, of the beautiful ballad and well known tradition of "Fair Helen of Kirkconnell Lee." The rumors of jealousy and rivalry that are abroad are totally destitute of the shadow of foundation. The footman, the author of the sad calamity, is a stranger in Annandale, and had never seen the deceased before. *Dumfries Cour.*

From a late London Paper.

BOW STREET.

A couple of foreign Jews, named Philip Levi and Solomon Barlina, were brought before Mr. Halls, in the custody of Mr. Crooke, the high-constable of Isleworth, charged with having robbed the pack of a German Jew Pedlar, named Matthias Lasser, of watches and other Jewellry, to the amount of £550 and a £50 note, at Worcester.

Divers bags and boxes containing the stolen property having been laid before the bench, the prosecutor, in broken English, related his story with so much simplicity und feeling as made it peculiarly interesting, and not a little amusing, to those who were present. His statement, very much curtailed, was nearly as follows:—I am a travelling jeweller, what you call pedlar. I come to Worcester some time ago, where I have been before, and I have my lodging at the Duke of York, which is a public house. Very well, I goes up into my room where is my box, and then comes down into the parlor, and hangs up the key of my room door, as I was always doing. Very well, I goes out for a little walk, about thirty yards, not more, and I comes back to the Duke of York, and I had some ale with the gentlemens what I sees there, and we talk and laugh about things to make the time go away, you know. Very well, it was all very pleasant, when comes Ann, the housemaid, and she ask me if I know what is gone of two foreign Jews, what was lodging in room next door to mine, because, say she, "They is gone off without paying a shilling!" This was very suspicious, and I say to myself is my goods no gone too? and then the gentlemans tell me I ought to go up and see. Well, the thought of my goods being stolen frightened me so that I was afraid to go and see if they were so or not, but I made myself courageous, and took a candle and I gos up stairs, very softly, for I was afraid. My door is open, I tremble all over; but I put my candle in a little way, and I peep into my room, and I look at my chair where I have left my box. I see my box is there, and I was happy; I say, thank God. But I gos into the room and I look close at my box, and I finds that it has been opened. I throw up the lid, and I see that it is empty. Oh! I am then very sick, and begin to cry, and I gos to the top of the stairs and makes a great noise, and tells them that my goods is stolen. They all comes up, and they sees what I see, and they are very sorry and very kind to comfort me; but I will have no comfort, and I gos out into the street, and I cries, and tells the people what comes about me in great numbers that the two travelling chaps have stolen all my goods; and what will become of me, I say.—Then all the people, they know me so well, because I have been there before, when they see me cry so they cry too, and they, very kind, run all abouts, run all ways, to try and catch the two chaps with green bags what I describe to them.—Then I send letters to all my friends in Bristol, Birmingham, Hereford, and all the towns round about: and then I gos to all the coach-offices to put them up against the two chaps what I suspect.—Very well, the next day I have the chief constable to look at my business, and then I examine my box more careful, for I am too much troubled before and I find that my secret drawer has not been touched. I have in my secret drawer a £20 note, and a note and a bill what I can't recollect. Well, I am so happy that I cry again, and say, "Thank God, they have left me something!" Well, then I suppose the two rogues must go to London, and I go to the coach what is going in a moment; and I got up, and we go, and at every public house, and every village where we stop, I inquire after the two chaps with the green bags, and at every place I hear that they have been taking my goods to the houses, and trying to sell them: and that they very much persuade all the publicans to get them chaise and horse; but, ha! ha! though they offer great price, they will not get them, no how. Well, in this way we come to Oxford, where I go at once to the coach, where I ask what coach has gone to London, when they tell me Paul Pry is gone half an hour. Then I ask them about the two chaps with green bags, and I find, to my much joy, that the two chaps are gone with Paul Pry.—For my great luck, I find that the Gloucester mail coach is going in that moment, and I gos to the coachman and the guard, and I tells them my hard misfortune, and they see the distress I am in, and they pity me. They give me a place on their mail coach, and they promise they will catch Paul Pry for me before we shall get to London. Then off we go at great rate, and we catch him at one of your towns, but he gos off again before I can get a constable, as I am advise by my guard of the mail, and so he tell me to have patience and he shall catch Paul Pry again before he come at London. He was half an hour before us this Mr. Paul Pry; but we caught him very soon, and we got to Hounslow half an hour before him. Then I got down in great delight, and my mail coachman makes me change my hat and coat for his, because the two chaps should not know me, and I fly to the constable's house, and though it is but three o'clock in the morning, I knock with all my force at his door, enough to break it, and I cry out, Constable! Get up in a moment; Get up, I say! Never mind your clothes; come without your shirt! Paul Pry is coming into your town, and I want you to catch him! and Mr. Bennet here was so good he got up, and we go into the road, and when Paul Pry comes we catch him. Ha! ha! and there are my two chaps with their green bags, and I catch them too! And that is all.

In answer to further questions, he stated that the amount of property in his box, when he left it shortly before it was robbed, was, exclusive of the 50*l.* note, upwards of 300*l.* that the greater part of the jewellery, (consisting principally of eighty gold seals, 175 gold rings, eight watches, &c.) had been found in the possession of the prisoners; but that the 50*l.* had not been found.

It appeared that when the prisoners were taken into custody, and taxed with the robbery, Levi at once confessed to Mr. Cooke, the constable, and told him that he and his companion were going up stairs to their own room, when they saw the prosecutor's room door standing upon; that they looked in, and saw his box standing open also, and that they went in and emptied it of its contents; but they both denied that they had taken a 50*l.* note, or a note of any kind.

By Mr. Hall's direction, the prisoners were taken out, and carefully searched; but the 50*l.* note was not found upon them.

When called upon for their defence, Barlina declined saying any thing, on the ground of not being able to speak English sufficiently; but Levi (notwithstanding he was cautioned by the magistrate) made a full confession of the guilt of himself and his companion; but denied that either the room door or lid of the box was shut, as the prosecutor had sworn.

The prisoners were fully committed for trial.

THE LOST DRAGOON.

It is not generally known that underneath the walls of Trinity College, Dublin, there is a range of gloomy vaults in which are entombed many of the illustrious dead of the Irish capital. This cemetery has been for many years shut up; and about the time when it began to be disused, the melancholy and affecting circumstances happened which I am now going to relate.—An officer of the 4th Dragoons who had enjoyed the affections of a fair Hibernian maid, and whilst every preparation was making for that consummation most devoutly to be wished for by an attached and youthful pair, chanced to be on guard at the Castle. Lounging about in his uniform, and exhibiting to the admiring eyes of many a love sick damsel his handsome person set off with all

"the pomp and panoply of glorious war."

a funeral procession passed him; and seeing that the remains of some person of consequence were about to be consigned to their parent earth in a private and unostentatious manner, curiosity prompted him to follow in the melancholy train. The procession took the direction of the College, and, passing under the archway, arrived at the entrance to the vaults. Here was seen the last of the gallant soldier. He was missed from his guard; his place at the mess-table (which he used to enliven with his hilarity and good humor) remained empty that evening. The following morning his mistress, in the figurative language of the East, "dropped the anchor of hope in a harbor of anxiety," and conjecture was at a stand still to account for his protracted absence. Months, a year rolled past, still no tidings of the absentee.—At last another funeral wended its way to the Trinity vaults. The mourners descended into their dark recesses. In passing along one of the sepulchral galleries their feet crushed the mouldering bones of a skeleton. Imagine their astonishment, when they observed beside it a steel casque and rusted sabre. On examining the bones the flesh seemed to have been eaten off them by voracious rats. The swordbelt and pouch were also nearly devoured.—And after a great deal of speculation as to the indentity of the unfortunate individual, who evidently had strayed into the vaults on a former occasion, had lost himself in their gloom, had been starved to death, and finally devoured, it was eventually found out to be the young and ill-fated dragoon. *U. S. Jour.*

VIRGINIA CONVENTION.

In relation to the proceedings of this body, which embraces a large portion of the talent and intelligence of Virginia, we find the following letter in the Alexandria Gazette.

Extract of a letter to the editor of the Alexandria Gazette, dated

"Richmond, Nov. 3, 1829.

Since the reports of the several Committees, the Convention has been engaged in a constant and laborious discussion of the first resolution of the Legislative committee, declaring that "representation in the House of Delegates ought to be apportioned according to white population." This is, by far, the most interesting question that will be agitated. It involves one of those unfortunate contests for power, which are, of all things, most difficult to settle. The people of the upper country, goaded by the long course of arbitrary and niggardly misrule to which they have been subjected, and satisfied that a transfer of power must be the necessary consequence of equalizing the legislative representation of the State, demand, as a right appertaining to the majority, a representation proportioned to their white population. Their claim is resisted on the ground that (although in a minority) the people of the lower country pay the greatest portion of the taxes of the State, and have, therefore, a right to retain the power of Government in their own hands. The contest has given rise to one of the most animated and brilliant discussions that I have ever heard. All the principles of constitutional law have been most ably developed, and every inch of ground has been contested with a zeal, surpassed only by the dignity and decorum with which the battle, on both sides, has been fought. The debate is still in progress, and will probably continue to the end of this week. Mr. Monroe is the only one of our veteran statesmen who has yet taken part in the discussion; and *his* course was precisely such as may be anticipated from them *all*—designed and calculated to repress the indiscreet ardor of the young members of the Convention, and to bring the contest, if possible, to a peaceable and harmonious termination.

As far as can be gathered from the indication given, the vote, on this first and most important question, will be in favor of the upper country. The thirty-six members from the west side of the Blue Ridge are unanimous in favor of the white basis, as it is called. To these may be added, with entire certainty, the four Delegates from the Loudon District, four from Albemarle, two from Pittsylvania, and three from Bedford, in the East; making altogether 40, or a majority of two. To these will probably be added Mr. Madison, of Orange, and Gen. Taylor, of Norfolk, who think the principle contended for by the upper country right in theory; and will accordingly vote for it unless palsied (as Mr. Adams would say) by the will of their constituents.

The next question will be on the basis of representation in the Senate. And here a portion of the members from the upper country will very readily yield to the tax paying minority a majority of representatives, by way of check, if, by so doing, they can, in any degree, harmonize the discordant feelings of the Convention and of the State, and insure the adoption of the new Constitution. But from the violent threats occasionally heard from heated partisans out of doors, and from indiscreet threats once or twice uttered in the house, it is not impossible that no offers of conciliation may be accepted: in which case, the upper country will be constrained, by a united vote, to assert and maintain the full extent of its rights, and thus throw off, at once, the odious bondage in which it has hitherto been held by a small minority in the Eastern and Southern sections of the State.

Mr. Randolph is here, as well as elsewhere, an object of great curiosity. His health is better than it has been for some time past; and amongst his friends, he indulges, as heretofore, in a great degree of pleasantry and sarcasm. He declares his determination to take no part in the proceedings of the Convention, and takes his seat every day at the back of the President's chair, entirely out of the range of the speakers; unable, however, to contain himself entirely, he is, every now and then, heard, in a shrill under tone, either prompting and encouraging his friends, or criticising his opponents. He is particulary annoyed by the numberless visiters, of both sexes, that crowd the lobby, the gallery, and the vacant seats of the hall; and no little merriment was excited the other day, when his voice was heard, amid the crowd at the door, exclaiming, "Mr. Sergeant! I'll thank you to put me into the convention." He is very violent on the subject now before the house, and vows that "if the white basis prevails, the State must be severed, and the South side have a government of its own." And what he says, sometimes in jest and sometimes from irritation, others, I am sorry to say, too often utter in a much less venal spirit."

From the Columbian Reporter.

CONGRESS.

The approaching session of Congress (Dec. 7,) is beginning to be looked to as one of far more than ordinary interest to the people of the U. States. Although the country is at peace with every foreign power, the posture of its affairs affords little occasion for exultation or even satisfaction. The President in his opening Message to Congress will, it is to be expected, make known his opinions on the great questions of the foreign and domestic policy of the country, somewhat more clearly and definitely than he did in his Inaugural Speech in March. There are several topics of high national concern which Gen. Jackson cannot, if he expects to satisfy the country, pass over with a mere vague intimation of his views. Our commercial relations with England have recently elicited a good deal of discussion in the country; the rights of the Indians to the territory they possess by inheritance, has become a subject of inquiry; the purchase of Texas; the subject of Internal Improvements; the late tariff law. These are all subjects about which the people are yet in a mist as to the opinions of the Executive. With the other appropriate topics of an Executive Message, these, it is to be presumed, will be fully discussed in the President's first communication to Congress at the commencement of the session.

But the next session of Congress will not only be an interesting one merely on account of its developing the views of the new President on questions of public policy; but because it will also shew to the country the opinions which Congress entertain of the *President himself*, and of his public acts since he has been in office. No doubt can be entertained that there are decided majorities in both Houses of Congress, of members who were elected as the political friends of President Jackson. It has been stated, perhaps truly, that the Jackson majority in the House of Representatives will be 65; in the Senate 4. If therefore the conduct of the President shall have the approbation of his party, his whole party, he will be able to carry into effect all his plans.

The decision of this question is a matter of deep concern to the country. If Congress shall sanction his repeated violations of the spirit of the Constitution in creating vacant offices for the purpose of rewarding his own partisans: if it shall approve the reckless course he has pursued, and will, if unchecked, no doubt, continue to pursue; in a word, if the National Legislature shall, by their approving acts, say to the President, go forward as you have begun, the party will sanction you; then indeed, the minority may make up their minds to submit for a time to the rule of the new Dictator with the best grace they can. It is presuming very far, however, to rely on a majority in the Senate to confirm all the nominations which have been made by the President since the last session of Congress. Several, it will be recollected, were made within a day or two after Congress rose, and were obviously deferred to prevent the possible *veto* of the Senate. This was in effect wresting from the Senate one of its constitutional prerogatives. The Jackson Senate must be *backbone* partisans indeed, if they shall put their approving seal to these and other acts of the President. They must also be prepared to go yet farther and farther, or they will after all be visited with his displeasure. Judging from the past course of the party, no doubt can be entertained that every effort will be made to keep the Jackson phalanx, especially in the Senate, firm and unbroken. If persuasion and threats fail, unsparing vengeance will follow the first derelictions from the original party creed. After all it is not time to despair: men with "Roman hearts" may yet be found in the Jackson ranks, enough to avert some of the multiplying evils which threaten their country.

From the National Gazette of Nov. 14.

LATEST FROM SMYRNA.

The brig William and Henry, Captain Wadleigh, arrived at Boston, on Tuesday, from Smyrna, whence she sailed on the 17th of September. The Boston Centinel gives the annexed items of intelligence:—

The Smyrna Courier of the 13th, gives the following article, which was considered as the most creditable of the advices received there, and which afforded strong hopes of the early proclamation of Peace.

"The Dutch Consul received in the night of the 10th, a despatch from Admiral Ricord, brought by an officer of the British frigate Isis, sent by Commodore Sir Thomas Staines. The officer announces that the treaty of peace had been signed. The despatches from Admiral Ricord, are dated the 8th, before Tenedos, and mention, that according to advices received from the Russian Head Quarters, all appearances were favorable to the immediate conclusion of Peace. They also announce the establishment of the communications between the army and the squadron by the way of Enos. Finally, a letter from the Dutch Commodore Pool, also at Tenedos, to the Consul General, and dated the 9th, states "the 13th is the day fixed upon for the signature of a treaty of peace on the terms which had been agreed upon."

Mr. Clark, passenger in the brig from Smyrna, furnished Mr. Topliff with the following minute of news:

"The Russian head quarters continued at Adrianople, about the 11th or 12th September. About the 5th, a deputation was sent by the Sultan to the Russian head quarters, with proposals for peace; but the terms were considered inadmissible on the part of the Turks; the preliminary article being for the payment of 350,000,000 of silver rubles, as an indemnification for the expense of the war. It was supposed that the Russian army would enter Constantinople, about the 15th September, and without any battle. In fact the financial system of Turkey is so bad, and the taxes of the people have been so burdensome, that a war with any powerful nation could not be maintained, nor could an army now be raised to make any serious resistance on the part of Turkey. Since the passage of the Balkan, by the Russian army, all hope of defending Turkey in Europe, seems to have been abandoned."

The advices from Constantinople in these papers are to the 7th September—(one day the latest.) They unfold but few events not before known.—The Secretaries of the British Ambassador, and of Gen. Muffling, who had accompanied the Turkish Plenipotentiaries to Adrianople, returned the 3rd Sept. We have later advices from Adrianople,—The account of the embarkation of Gen. Muffling on his return home, was confirmed. It was repeated, that he had finished his mission before his return, and had received very distinguished marks of the favor of the Sultan, for the part he had taken in the negociation of peace.

In allusion to the above, the New York Commercial of Thursday remarks:—"We have copied the foregoing, more in consequence of the anxiety of the public for any thing in the shape of news from the seat of war, than because of any new or late fact which it contains from the Russian Head Quarters. Our former advices from Adrianople were to the 10th of September; and a glance at the map will at once convince the reader that no intelligence later than that could well have reached Smyrna by the 13th, which appears to be the date of the latest Smyrna paper. Still, however, it would give us joy to hear that Byzantium was again in Christian hands; and it is barely possible that Mr. Clark, the passenger spoken of above, might have received some intelligence before sailing, and subsequently to the publication of the paper of the 13th.

Pittsburgh Prices Current.

(Corrected weekly by Riddle, Forsyth & Co.)

Ashes, pot,	lb. 4½ a 5†	steel, co.	lb. 8 a 5†
pearl	6	sad irons	6cts†
sc. salts	4½	Lead, in pigs	4a4½†
black salts	3 a 3½†	bars	5a5½†
Axes, doz.	$14 a 16†	white, in kegs	$3†
Augers, qr.	6 a 7†	dry, lb.	12†
Alum,	6	Shot, all si.	6½ a 7
Bacon, lb.	5 a 6†	Leather, sole	23 a 25†
Butter, keg,	7	upper, doz.	$30a36§
Bags, 3 bu. tw.	50†	calf skins,	15 a 24§
Beans, sh. bush.	75 a $1§	Lard	5 a 6§
Biscuit, sea, lb.	5 a 6†	Log wood,	2 1-2 a 3†
w. crack. bbl.	5 a 6†	Molasses,	30 a 36†
Beer,	3 †	Nails, Jo. brs.	10d 6¾†
Coals, bush.	4†		8 7½†
Candles, lb.	9		6 7¾†
Copperas	3½ a 3¾†		4 9 a 9¾†
Cheese	5 a 6†	other	6 a 7¾†
Cordage, Ky.	8 a 11§	Oil, flaxseed, gal	60a62½§
Irwin's	9a11§	tanners', bbl.	$12 a 0 *
Coffee, g. in bgs.	14a16†	Onions, bush.	15
Cotton Wool	10†	Paper	
Cassinets,	40 a 110†	cap, No. 1 rm.	$5½a3¾†
Cotton Goods,		No. 2	2¾ a 3½†
3-4 Plaids, n. l. y.	10a 11†	No. 3	2½ a 2¾†
4-4 Checks	12a 14†	letter	2½ a 3†
3-4 Stripes	10a11†	crown wrap.	1¾
Cot. yarn, lb. n. 5,	25½†	medium do.	2 1-2
Flour, bbl.	$5*	paper hang's	p. 87a75
Feathers	30§	Pork, fresh lb.	4 a 5
Flax, scutched, lb.	6†	pkd. mess, bbl.	$9 a 10
hatcheled,	10*	clear,	9 a 10
Flannels, cy. 4-4,	37a45*	Potatoes, bush.	30†
Fish—bbl.		Rags, Ohio,	4 a 5†
herring,	$ 25 a 8 50§	do. Kentucky	3 a 4†
shad,	12,50§	Sugar, N. O. lb.	8½a9 †
mack'l.	8 a 11†	country	7½
Grain, wheat, bu.	60a65§	lump,	16 a 17†
barley	40†	loaf,	17 a 19†
rye	45a50†	Salt,	2 25 a 2 50†
corn	50§	Soap, lo.	5½ a 6
Glass, 8 by 10, box	$1†	Sifters—doz.	
10 by 12	$5†	wire no. 11, 16	$5†
12 by 18	$9 00†	Spades & shovels	$8 a 11
Bottles, porter gro.	10†	Tobacco	
gallon doz.	2½†	keg, lb.	6 a 12 cts †
½ do.	1½†	leaf	5 a 45
¼ do.	87½cts†	Tallow, rendered	7†
pint	62½†	rough	4½ a 5†
Gunpowder, keg	$5½a6*	Tea, Y. H. lb.	70 a $1*
Hemp, ton	$100	H. skin	70 a 75§
Hides, Span. lb.	13 a 15§	imperial,	1,30a1,40§
green	5§	Wax, bees'	18 a 20*
Indigo, Spanish lb.	2½a2¾†	Wool,	22 a 40*
Bengal,	2½ a 2¾†	Wool hats, doz.	$5 a 6§
Iron, bar, Jun. ton	$120†	Whisk. o. gall.	50a50cts†
planished	100†	new	28a25½†
rolled	95†	Vices, bright	16a17
sheet, ext.	10½†	black	15
pig, ton	$37 50a38§	4-4 br. Sheeting	9½ a 10†

REMARKS—*demand; § scarce; † plenty.

DOCTOR W. H. RYAN'S Medical Work, entitled "the Medical Guide," is now in press, and will be ready for delivery by the 28th of January, 1830: the printers being the most precise in this city, it will, no doubt, be well executed. It is hoped this work will render general satisfaction to the public. It was originally published for the use of charitable gentlemen (or rather their ladies) who gave advice and medicine gratis to the poor, to enable them to know, by asking a few questions or by the patient's describing his situation, at once what was his ailment, and in a few moments, to prepare almost a specific remedy for his disease, that thereby they might spare cost, do good, and extend their charity to the greater portion of the human family.

If a man reflects for a moment, and recollects that those gentlemen and their ladies, in England, are persons of large fortunes, that draws their attention, more to pomp and grandeur, than to the study of medicine, and who must necessarily be but little acquainted with the medical science, he will at once see that this work is a plain rational system of domestic medicine, free from the jargon of professional technicalities, which thus enables a lady, &c. to know the disease of any sick applicant without study, and to give as good a receipt or medicine, as perhaps the best physician in London: having a directory to the work that points out the proper doses, of every kind of medicine, for every age, the proper vehicle, the effects of the medicine, and in what diseases the medicine is useful, it follows that this work, must do general good here: it serves to point out the nature of man, by giving a short and full view of all the parts of the body, with their several uses, drawn from their composition and structure, the danger of neglecting colds, &c. &c. And what is still more important, it will enable all quickly to discern the able physician from the dangerous impostor.

The original work contains five hundred pages, octavo, and was sold to subscribers at $5 in boards: there is one hundred pages more of the same size to be added to the work, to be printed into duodecimo pages, and delivered to subscribers in boards, at $2. Any subscriber wishing to have a full bound copy, by paying his subscription in advance to Dr. W. H. Ryan, No. 104 Liberty street, will get a full bound copy at two dollars.

No farther subscriptions were intended to have been taken, but as this work is intended for the benefit of mankind, subscriptions will be received until the work is completed, after which period, the small number which may remain, will be sold full bound, at $3 50 each, to justify the proprietor for trouble and expense.

Pittsburgh Nov. 13, 1829.—5tw

THE NEXT STATE LOTTERY.

COHEN'S OFFICE—Baltimore, October 14

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 20, 1829.

On motion of George Selden, Esq. on Wednesday, the 18th inst. Mr. WM. B. M'CLURE was admitted to practice as a Counsellor and Attorney at Law, in the several Courts of Allegheny County.

In looking over the proclamation of the sheriff, in relation to the ensuing election, as published in the Mercury and the Statesman, we discovered in the commencement of it a very important informality, and towards the close a very serious, substantial defect. The informality is in the introductory part, which gives the "act to regulate the *general* elections withinthis Commonwealth," passed 15th February, 1794, as the authority for the proclamation; when it should have referred to an "act directing the mode of filling vacancies," passed on the 17th March, 1806, and to the proclamation of the Governor. The substantial defect is that it appoints a day for holding an election for inspectors, whereas the act of 17th March, 1806, explicitly directs, that the election shall be holden *"under the care and regulation of the same officers who conducted the next preceding annual election."*

We have prepared a form of proclamation, which will be found substantially correct.

The last Mercury contains the following editorial paragraph:

"The Pittsburgh Gazette, "more in sorrow than in anger," complains *that General Jackson should have selected* FOUR *members of congress for his cabinet; and that Mr. Barry should have appointed a Mr. Hobbie, a member of the last congress, assistant post master general.* It would doubtless give General Jackson and Mr. Barry much uneasiness that they should do any act which might disturb the placid tenor of that *friendly* print."

We do not wish to have any controversy with our neighbor, but will not suffer such misrepresentation to pass unnoticed. Mr. Snowden seems to have read our remarks: he must therefore have known that his statement was *untrue*. We did not complain because "General Jackson should have selected *four* members of congress for his cabinet, and that Mr. Barry should have appointed Mr. Hobbie, a member of the last congress, assistant post master general." We first gave an extract from Gen. Jackson's letter to the legislature of Tennessee, suggesting that an alteration should be made in the constitution, so as to "render members of congress ineligible to office under the general government during the terms for which they were elected, and *for two years thereafter.*" We then published the following list of the Generals violations of his own rule, which we now republish, to enable our readers to compare our *complaint* with the *assertion* of the editor of the Mercury.

The Cabinet consists, regularly, of five persons. Of these, *four*, viz: Mr. Berrien, Mr. Branch, Mr. Eaton, and Mr. Ingham, were members of Congress when he appointed them: a *fifth*, Mr. Van Buren, had resigned his seat in Congress only a few months previous to his introduction into the Cabinet. A goodly portion of Gen. Jackson's other prominent appointments has been made from Congress. Among them are those of Louis McLane, William C. Rives, and Thomas P. Moore, as Ministers to Great Britain, France and Colombia, respectively; George W. Owen, to be Collector for the port of Mobile; Jeromus Johnson, to be Appraiser of Goods at New York; John G. Stower, to be a District Attorney in Florida; and John Chandler, to be Collector, &c. for the District of Portland and Falmouth, in Maine. Francis Baylies, whom he appointed Collector for the port of New Bedford, had scarcely been out of Congress two years when he was thus appointed. He also offered to Edw'd Livingston the mission to France, and to Littleton W. Tazewell the mission to England.

By which it appears that the *whole* of the General's Cabinet, *three* of the most important Foreign Ministers, and four less important though lucrative appointments, were made in violation of his deliberate recommendation to the Legislature of Tennessee. This was our complaint.

We have selected from the Lancaster Journal, a paragraph asserting that the Calhoun party had *forced one of their friends into the Cabinet of Gen. Jackson.* We attribute more importance to this article, because it appeared in the "Lancaster Journal," a zealous Jackson paper, published under the eye of Mr. Buchanan, and may be considered to express the sentiments of that gentleman upon this subject.

The subject is an interesting one, and we should like well to know the truth and the whole truth of this matter.

ENCYCLOPÆDIA AMERICANA.

A popular Dictionary of Arts, Sciences, Literature, and Politics, brought down to the present time, and including a copious collection of American Biography.

This is the title and description of a work now publishing by Messrs. Carey, Lea & Carey, in Philadelphia. The first volume has just been published, and it will be completed in twelve volumes, of from six to seven hundred pages each. The second volume will appear in December, and a volume each succeeding three months until the whole are published. Price to subscribers two dollars and fifty cents per volume. An agent of the publishers is now in this city.

The first volume was placed in our hands a few days ago, and we have devoted some of our leisure to a hasty examination of its contents. From the high commendation bestowed upon it by many of the most intelligent and erudite men in the country, our expectations were much excited, and our mind was in a state not to be satisfied with a work of ordinary merit. We freely acknowledge that, when we first opened the book, we feared it might fall far short of that high degree of excellence which had been attributed to it. After a careful perusal of several articles, we found ourselves agreeably disappointed, and laid it down with a satisfactory conviction that it equalled our most high wrought expectations.

We opened the book at random, and read the following articles in the order in which they are mentioned: "*Anthracite,*" "*Automaton,*" "*Arabian Nights,*" *and* "*Ethan Allen,*" with each of which we were highly pleased. We did intend to give one or more of those articles a place in our columns as specimens of the work. We are well satisfied that our paper could not have been occupied by more interesting matter; but the proclamation for the election occupies the space which we had allotted to them, and excludes them for the present.

Our first impression was that the admirable biography of Benedict Arnold exceeded the limits to which it was fairly entitled in this work; but when we reflect that this biography contained a history of a conspiracy which threatened the liberties of our country, and that Arnold was the American traitor—*the only American traitor*—we were well pleased that so much space had been devoted to the perpetuation of his infamy.

To conclude this notice, which, though brief, has much exceeded the bounds which we had previously assigned to it, we have no hesitation in asserting our opinion, that in cheapness, comprehensiveness, and practical utility to the mass of intelligent readers, it excels every other work in our language.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

At an Election held on the 16th instant, at the Banking House, in this city, the following gentlemen were *unanimously* re-elected Directors of the Bank of Pittsburgh for the ensuing year:—John M'Donald, James Brown, N. B. Craig, H. Davis, W. H. Denny, John Graham, Wm. Hays, N. Holmes, Lewis Hutchison, Peter Mowry, James Ross, Jr. Robert Stewart, Wm. Woods.

MINUTES OF A MEETING
OF THE
PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO CANAL COMPANY.

At a Meeting of the "*Pennsylvania and Ohio Canal Company,*" held in the Court-house, at Pittsburgh, on Thursday the 12th of November, 1829, were present, Abner Lacock, William Rayen, Leicester King, Eliakim Crosby, Jonathan Sloane, Thomas Henry, Joseph T. Boyd, John Fisher, Stephen Stone, and Benjamin Chew, jr.

Gen. Lacock was called to the Chair, and B. Chew, Jr. appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting having been stated adjourned to meet at 3 o'clock, this day.

——At the meeting held pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock, present, Messrs. Lacock, Rayen, King, Crosby, Sloane, Henry, Boyd, Fisher, Stone, Willam Ayres, Charles Shaler, Hugh Davis, John Dickey, and B. Chew, jr.

Resolutions were offered to the meeting by B. Chew, Jr. which, after discussion, were referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. Chew, Ayres, Sloane, King, and Henry, with full power to modify or change the resolutions.

On motion, a Committee of five were appointed to draft memorials to Congress, and to the Legislatures of Pennsylvania and Ohio.

On motion of Judge Shaler the Chairman is appointed one of said Committe, which consists of Gen. Lacock, Judge Shaler, Judge Rayen, Messrs. Dickey and Boyd.

Adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

——At the meeting held on Friday the 13th Nov. pursuant to an adjournment, present, Messrs. Lacock, King, Rayen, Boyd, Fisher, Sloane, Crosby, Davis, Dickey, Ayres, Henry, Shaler, and Chew.

Judge Shaler, from the Committee to draft memorials, reported progress and asked further time.

B. Chew, jr. from the Committee to which the resolutions offered yesterday, were referred, made report.

The Committe to whom was referred the resolutions laid before the meeting, yesterday, REPORT:——

That they consider it inexpedient to open subscription books for stock of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Canal Company, until the Eastern termination of the work is designated, and that it is advisable to postpone the consderation of methods for obtaining subscriptions to the stock until the proper time for opening the books shall arrive, because circumstances may occur, at present unforeseen, to change the views of the Company.—The Committee, therefore, recommend that these subjects be laid over for the consideration of a future meeting.

The Committee are, however, impressed with the conviction that measures ought to be adopted by this meeting for carrying into effect the object of the Corporation, and especially for obtaining from the Congress of the United States and from the Legislatures of Pennsylvania and Ohio, contributions to the stock of the Company, as was contemplated in the appointment of a committee to draft memorials yesterday.—And that a Standing Committee ought to be appointed to attend to the concerns of the Company during the meeting of this board.—The committee, therefore, recommend the adoption of the following Resolutions:

Resolved, That memorials be presented by the Company to the Congress of the United States, and to the Legislatures of Pennsylvania and of Ohio, praying each of those authorities to subscribe for stock of this Company.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to present the memorials to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, and another committee to present the memorial to the Legislature of Ohio; and that the said committees shall report their proceedings to the Standing Committee.

Resolved, That the company make application to the Pennsylvania Canal Commissioners to determine and fix the point at which the Pennsylvania and Ohio Canal shall intersect the Pennsylvania Canal, in conformity with the provisions of the second section of an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to incorporate the Pennsylvania and Ohio Company; passed the 14th day of April, 1827.

Resolved—That a certified copy of the foregoing resolutions be directed to the Board of Pennsylvania Canal Commissioners.

Resolved—That a standing committee be appointed, with power to call meetings of this company, and to collect such information as it may be expedient to lay before the next meeting, and to conduct any necessary correspondence, and that this committee be instructed to prepare an exhibit of the expense of making the canal from the point of its termination, designated by the Canal Commissioners of Pennsylvania, to be laid before the next Meeting of this Board.

The above resolutions were adopted—B. Chew, jr. was appointed a committee to present the memorial to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, and Judge Rayen to present the memorial to the Legislature of Ohio.

Messrs. Henry, Lacock, Shaler, Sloane, and Dickey, were appointed the standing committee.

Resolved—That the standing committee be instructed to obtain signatures to the memorial to Congress, and to have it presented.

Adjourned till to-morrow at 9 o'clock.

At the meeting held on Saturday, at 9 o'clock, the 14th, Nov. pursuant to adjournment, were present, Messrs. Lacock, Rayen, Fisher, Boyd, King, Crosby, Sloane, Davis, Dickey, Henry, Shaler, and Chew. The committee to draft memorials, reported a memorial to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, a memorial to the Legislature of Ohio, and a memorial to Congress.

The drafts reported were unanimously adopted.

On motion, the standing committee is instructed to apply to the proper department of the general government for copies of the surveys and work of the United States Engineers, in the country between Pittsburgh and Lake Erie, applicable to this Canal.

On motion the secretary is directed to furnish the minutes.

Adjourned without day.

A. LACOCK, *Chairman.*

B. CHEW, Esq. *Secretary.*

Extract of a Letter to the Editor of the Gazette, dated Harrisburgh, Nov. 16, 1829.

The Loan Bill of one million, has passed both Houses, and sent to the Governor for his signature. It met with but little opposition in the Senate, and that alone from Mr. Fullerton from Franklin, who made an argument of calculations, and a speech of gloom against the whole canal project. Some here question whether the Loan will be taken, and it is understood, that Mr. Mahon, the treasurer, doubts whether it will succeed. But others, who appear experienced in these matters, have no hesitation in saying, that the whole will be taken in the course of a few weeks. Messrs. Chauncey and Vaux, from the Bank of Pennsylvania, are both here, and have frequent conferences with the commissioners of ways and means. And it has been unhesitatingly stated, by a number of influential members, that they are prepared, at whatever sacrifice of personal popularity, to support a system of taxation to meet the exigencies of the state.—Posterity will do all such ample justice, and even the lapse of a few years, when the canal is in complete operation, and revenue flowing in abundantly, and the whole state prosperous, they will be the most popular statesmen—and surely the most deserving. The times and the system require such men, and I think they constitute the majority of the House. Philadelphia city sends a most talented and respectable delegation. Messrs. Morgan and Evans are both elderly men, and have been formerly in the Legislature. They come to the seat of government prepared to devote their best exertions to promote the welfare of the state.

The town is already filling with politicians from the east, having in view measures of individual aggrandisement, under the coming administration. A powerful struggle is going on between two powerful factions for the mastery over Mr. Wolf:—which will succeed, time only can develope. I believe, however, that the Sutherlandists will carry their men,—indirectly to be sure, but still they will carry. They are more alert, more experienced in matters of that kind, and less scrupulous of the means to insure success.

We notice the *fluttering* which an allusion in our last to the Calhoun party, has created. Deny it as they may, any man acquainted with the characters of the men, and the politics of the country, can see that they are now as actively engaged attempting to force one of their devoted friends into the Cabinet of Mr. Wolf, as they were, *a few months since, in forcing one of them into the Cabinet of Gen. Jackson.*

Lanc. Jour.

From the Norfolk Beacon, Nov. 12.

Arrival of the Porpoise.—The U. S. schr. Porpoise, Lieut. Com. Newell, arrived here yesterday morning from Port Mahon and Gibralter, having sailed from the former 26th Sept. and the latter on the 2d of October.

We learn from the officers of the Porpoise, that a report was received at Mahon, that the Russians had reached the walls of Constantinople.

Bank of England—At a meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of England on 17th September, a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. was declared. An attempt was made by some of the proprietors to obtain a vote for a statement of the affairs of the Bank. The chairman and others objected to any such disclosure, as likely to be injurious, and contrary to the usages of the company for a hundred and twenty years. The chairman in answer to a question put to him, stated the amount of notes in circulation to be £18,770,000.

Nat. Gaz.

COMMUNICATED.

DIED, in Pittsburgh, on Sunday, the 15th inst. Mrs. HANNAH KEEN, the wife of Mr. John Keen, of Springdale, in the 44th year of her age.

The circumstances attendant on the death of this eminently amiable and respected woman were remarkable. The happiness of the large family, at the head of which God had placed her, was in her estimation, her glory. She left home with the intention of procuring in Pittsburgh a few articles which she conceived were necessary to its comfort. She reached the aqueduct in the Canal Boat, and debarked with the purpose of walking to Pittsburgh. She moved onward with apparent ease and comfort, declaring on the way to a friend who attended her, that she felt much better than when she left home, and thought the trip had done her good. When, however, she reached the Allegheny Bridge, she said to her young friend, wait a little while, my breath is short: he did so. Soon she expressed a wish to proceed. She moved on lightly and cheerfully till she came within a rod or two of its termination—then she quitted the arm of her friend and ran forward till she reached the toll-house, which was shut, it being about eleven o'clock at night—She immediately seated herself on its steps.

Providentially, for the feelings of her surviving friends, even medical aid of the most satisfactory kind was secured at this critical juncture, by the incidental appearance of Dr. Holmes, who ordered her to be immediately removed to the house of her friend, Alderman Israel—this was almost instantly done in the gentlest manner that human sympathy could desire, so that in about ten or twelve minutes from the time she felt His powerful and awful mandate, who says, whenever he pleases, to his poor, helpless, dependent creatures, dust thou art, and unto dust thou shalt return, she was under the roof of her long tried and faithful friends. Immediately Dr. Holmes, on feeling her pulse, said in a manner which proved plainly to all around him the intensity of his sympathetic feelings, it is too late—all is over—she is dead.

Behold ye children of thoughtlessness, whose only inquiry is what shall we eat? and what shall we drink? and wherewithal shall we be clothed? and how much shall we accumulate for our future gratification? and who never think of your eternal destiny. Behold a lovely female, surpassed by very few indeed of her sex, almost adored by her husband and family, and most justly and highly esteemed by her friends, removed from time to eternity, without any time for serious reflection.—O! hear the admonition of him who came to seek and to save that which was lost. "Be ye also ready, for at an hour when ye think not, the Son of Man cometh."

In Litchfield, Connecticut, on the 9th August, *Mr. Samuel B. Plumb*, æt. about 50.

In the same place, on the 5th September, *Mr. Ebenezer Plumb*, in the 84th year of his age.

POONAH OR THEOREM PAINTING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh, that he will give lessons, for a short time, explanatory of the new and elegant art of POONAH PAINTING. The great advantage of this style over every other is, that a knowledge of it may be obtained in a few lessons, and that it does not require any previous acquaintance with Painting or Drawing. ☞Specimens of Flowers, Fruit, &c. may be seen at Mr. Hillier's New Looking Glass and Print Store, No. 7 Fifth street, near Market.

WM. HAYDON, from Philadelphia.

P. S.—The subscriber has a great variety of *ORNAMENTAL DESIGNS* for sale, which are well adapted for the use of chair painters, coach painters, carvers, &c.

November 20—tf.

STEAM BOAT LIST.

ARRIVED.

November 15. Home
17. Herald
17. Highlander
18. Erie

DEPARTED.

November 17. Baltimore
17. Messenger
17. Home
18. Herald
18. Highlander

☞The Ohio River 10 feet above low water mark.

CANAL BOAT LIST.

ARRIVED.

November 10. Jackson
16. Walker
16. Farmer
16. Manager
16. Pioneer

DEPARTED.

November 11. Pittsburgh & Blairsville Packet
11. Blairsville
14. Jackson
16. Unexpected
16. Rambler
16. Pittsburgh & Blairsville Packet
16. Gen. Marchand
17. Farmer
17. Walker
17. Freeport Packet
17. Manager
17. Blacksnake
19. Pioneer

10th. Water crossed aqueduct—11th, Canal froze: no water or boats from Lock No. 1 to No. 4, until 15th, about 12 o'clock.

BOOK SALE,

BY J. HANSON.

AT THE CITY AUCTION ROOM, No. 46 Wood street, will positively be sold, a valuable collection of Law, Historical & Miscellaneous BOOKS, on Friday and Saturday evenings, the 27th and 28th inst. at 6 o'clock. delivery.

☞Catalogues ready for November 20—3t

NOS. DRAWN in the Union Canal Lottery, Class 13 for 1829:

19 28 44 37 1 15 25 27 57

☞Three Prizes of $1,000, one of $600, two of $200, besides many of inferior note, have been presented and paid by

G. A. COOK,
Ag't for Yates & M'Intyre.

Managers' Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Nov. 20, 1829.—3t

☞*VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.*☜

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale, in Lots to suit purchasers, A TRACT OF LAND, containing about One Hundred and Forty-Two Acres, lying on the Four Mile Run, in Pitt township. The Tract has been subdivided into Lots and Lanes, a diagram of which may be seen, and all other information had, upon application to either of the undersigned.

T. B. DALLAS.
W. W. FETTERMAN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 20—6t

JUST PUBLISHED,

By CRAMER & SPEAR,

Franklin Head, Wood between Third and Fourth streets,

CONNOLLY'S ARITHMETIC,

OR

THE OHIO ACCOMPTANT:

BEING a plain practical treatise, with a complete system of Mensuration. By James L. Connolly.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

I have carefully examined Mr. Connolly's system of Arithmetic and Mensuration, and have not the least hesitation in pronouncing it to be worthy of a place among the best authors, on these subjects, in the United States.

JOHN TAYLOR, E. M.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 4, 1829.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9th, 1829.

MESSRS. CRAMER & SPEAR.

Gentlemen—I am indebted to your politeness for a copy of "Connolly's Arithmetic," which, after a careful examination, I have found to be a work of no ordinary merit. The arrangement of the several parts, is well adapted to the capacity and comprehension of beginners; and the judicious elucidations which accompany each part, greatly add to the merits, by promoting the utility of the work: for every school-book is valuable, in proportion to its usefulness, and not its size. I am particularly pleased with the author's method of introducing, at the beginning, the tabular lessons for the exercise of the scholar's memory. With these views of the Arithmetic, I cheerfully recommend it as worthy of patronage.

Yours, respectfully,
N. R. SMITH.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 13, 1829.

MESSRS. CRAMER & SPEAR.

Gentlemen—I have minutely examined every rule and question in Mr. "Connolly's Arithmetic," and find that the author's mode of distributing each rule into four subordinate divisions, reflects on him the highest honor as a judicious Arithmetician. In the 64th and twelve following pages, an improvement of no inconsiderable importance presents itself, (it is in fact, altogether new in this country) viz. the introduction of fractions before practice: this is surely a most utile improvement: Can a pupil understand practice or the principle of taking parts unless he is well acquainted with fractions? Can he understand decimals, independent of fractions? Surely not: therefore the arrangement of the rules and examples in this work is certainly good. I cannot pass unnoticed the manner in which he has avoided the erroneous inadvertence of former writers on this subject, of classing difficult questions with minor ones, before the pupil be well prepared in the common rudiments of each rule: this he has carefully avoided, by selecting the difficult ones under the head of questions for exercise: then on the second reading, when the pupil's young mind is rightly formed, these questions may give great accession to mathematics and mechanics. I presume the author had this in view, when he introduced his system of Mensuration as an appendix to the work. Finally his questions for examination at the end of each rule, must strongly impress on the minds of students the necessary part of each rule as they progress. Wishing you and the author success, and every one who contributes his mite, in the improvement of useful learning.

I remain, gentlemen, very respectfully, yours, &c. JNO. M'NEVIN.

November 13.—6w

DEBTORS TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned, either by note or book account, will please call and pay off their respective dues, on or before the first day of January next ensuing, as no longer indulgence can be given.

J. C. WINEBIDDLE.

Nov. 13—tf. No. 120 Second street.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

J. ANDREW SHULZE,

Governor of the said Commonwealth, to William Caven, Esquire, Sheriff of the County of Allegheny.

WHEREAS, a vacancy has happened in the representation of this state in the House of Representatives of the United States, in consequence of the resignation of William Wilkins, Esq. who was elected in the sixteenth district, a member of the twenty-first Congress.

NOW THEREFORE, in pursuance of the provisions in such case made by the Constitution of the United States, and of the act of the General Assembly, passed the eighteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and five, I, J. ANDREW SHULZE, being vested with the executive authority of the State of Pennsylvania, have issued this WRIT, hereby commanding you, the said William Caven, to hold an election in the said county of Allegheny, on the third Tuesday, the 15th day of December next, for choosing a representative of this Commonwealth, in the House of Representatives of the United States, to fill the vacancy which has happened as aforesaid, and you are hereby required and enjoined to hold and conduct the said election, and make a return thereof, in the manner and form as by law is directed and required.

GIVEN under my hand and the great seal of the state, at Harrisburgh, this tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, and of the Commonwealth the fifty-fourth.

By the Governor. C. BLYTHE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act directing the mode of filling vacancies in the representation of the state in the House of Representatives of the United States, it is enacted and directed that, when the Governor of this Commonwealth shall issue his writ, commanding the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the county or counties composing the Congressional District where a vacancy in the representation of this state in the House of Representatives of the United States may happen, to hold an election to supply such vacancy, said Sheriff or Sheriffs shall give fifteen days previous, due, and public notice, throughout said county or counties, of the time and places of holding such elections.

And whereas, John Andrew Shulze, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, has by his writ, given under his hand and the great seal of the state at Harrisburgh, commanded me to hold an election on the *third Tuesday, the fifteenth day of December next*, to supply the vacancy in the representation of this state in the House of Representatives of the United States, created by the resignation of William Wilkins:

Now, therefore, I, WILLIAM CAVEN, Sheriff of the County of Allegheny, in obedience to said writ, do make known, and give this public notice to the electors of Allegheny county aforesaid, that a general election will be held in the said county, on the THIRD TUESDAY (FIFTEENTH DAY) OF DECEMBER NEXT, at the several election districts therein.

The electors of that part of the city of Pittsburgh, west of Wood street, from the Monongahela river, to where that street intersects Liberty street, from thence north of Liberty and west of Washington streets, are to meet at the court house in the said city.

The electors of that part of the city of Pittsburgh, east of Wood-street, and south of Liberty street to the line—together with the electors of that part of Pitt township adjoining and attached hereto, beginning on the Allegheny river at the mouth of Washington street, and running up said river to the mouth of Two Mile Run, thence up said run by Roup's mill to Henry Fulton's farm house, thence in a straight line to William Knox's farm house, on the Four Mile Run, to the Monongahela, and thence down the said river to the city line, except so much thereof as is contained within the boundaries of the "Northern Liberties of the city of Pittsburgh," are also to meet at the court house, in the city of Pittsburgh.

The electors of the borough of the "Northern Liberties of the city of Pittsburgh," included within the following boundaries, viz: Beginning at the corner of Penn and Washington streets, on Alexander Laughlin's land, thence along the line of the City of Pittsburgh, to the middle of the Allegheny river, thence by the middle of the said river up the same to a point opposite John M'Donald and Joseph Patterson's line, adjoining O'Hara's property, thence south-eastwardly to said John M'Donald's and Patterson's line, and along said line and that of Boyle Irvin, to his south eastern corner, thence along his line at or near the foot of the hill commonly called Grant's hill, thence to the south eastern corner of the Methodist burying ground, thence along the southern line of the said burying ground, and by a line pursuing the course thereof, to the line of the city of Pittsburgh, thence by said line to the place of beginning; are to meet at the house formerly occupied by John Taylor, in said borough.

The electors of Pitt township, (exceping so much thereof as goes to constitute part of the eastern election wards of the city of Pittsburgh, and the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh) are to meet at the office of the East Liberty Steam Mill, in the town of East Liberty, in said township.

The electors of Wilkins township are to meet at the house now occupied by Francis Wilson, on the Frankstown road, in said township.

The electors of Plum township are to meet at the house of John Little, in said township.

The electors of Versailles township are to meet at the white house lately occupied by Thomas Neel, in said township.

The electors of Elizabeth township are to meet at the house of John Walker, in Elizabethtown.

The electors of Mifflin township are to meet at the house of James H. Neel, in said township.

The electors of Jeffersen township, are to meet at the house of John Kerr, in said township.

The electors of that part of St. Clair township within the following bounds, to wit: Beginning on the Monongahela river at the mouth of Street's Run, thence down said river to the mouth of Chartier's creek, on the Ohio river, thence up the said creek to include John Bell's, farm, up to Willet'son Street's run (including the farms of Robert Hays and James Bryson) and thence down the said run to the place of beginning, (being made a separate election district) are to meet at the house of Dominic O'Conner, in Birmingham, in said township.

The electors of the residue of St. Clair township south and west of the aforesaid division line, are to meet at the house of Thomas M'Cully, in said township.

The electors of Fayette township are to meet at the house (formerly Matthew M'Coy's) in Noblesburgh, in said township.

The electors of Robinson township are to meet at the house of Audly M'Farland, in said township.

The electors of Moon township are to meet at the house of Adrian Aton, in said township.

The electors of Findlay township, are to meet at the house of John Charles (now occupied by Mr. Mitchell) on the great road leading from Pittsburgh to Georgetown, in said township.

The electors of Ohio township are to meet at the house of John Moore, in said township.

The electors of Ross township (excepting those resident in the borough of Allegheny, and within the bounds of the reserved tract, opposite Pittsburgh) are to meet at the house of Wm. R. Graham (formerly Samuel Allen's) in said township.

The electors of the borough of Allegheny, and those resident within the bounds of the reserved tract, opposite Pittsburgh, are to meet at the house of Robert Campbell, in said borough.

The electors of Pine township are to meet at the house of Wm. Cochran, in said township.

The electors of Deer township, residing east of the following line: Beginning at or near the house of Joseph Lawson, in said township, and from thence a due north course to the intersect the Butler county line, are to meet at the house of Benjamin Coe, Jun.

The electors of Deer township, residing west of the above mentioned line, are to meet at the house, late of John Connelly, deceased.

The electors of Franklin township, are to meet at the house of Samuel Neely, in said township.

And the electors of Indiana township, are to meet at the house of David Stewart, in said township.

At which time and places the qualified electors as aforesaid will elect by ballot,

One person to serve as MEMBER OF CONGRESS, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Wm. Wilkins.

And whereas in and by an act of the General Assembly of this State, passed on the 18th day of February, 1805, it is directed that when any vacancy shall happen by death, resignation or otherwise, in the representation of the people of this State in the House of Representatives of the United States, the election to supply such vacancy shall be holden and conducted in the same manner and under the care and regulation of the same officers who conducted the next preceding annual election, subject to the same penalties as are or hereafter may be inflicted on delinquent election officers.

Also in and by an act of the General Assembly of this state, passed on the 3d day of April, 1821, it is directed that "it shall be the duty of the sheriff or coroner, as the case may be, of each and every county within this commonwealth, to give public notice at the same time, and in the same manner, and under the same penalty, that he is now required to give notice of any general or special election, that any person who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary departments of the United States, and also that every member of congress is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election in this state."

And the return judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at the court house, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the Friday next after the third Tuesday in December next, then and there to perform those duties required by law.

Given under my hand at Pittsburgh, the 15th day of November, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, and of the independence of the United States, the fifty-fourth.

WM. CAVEN, *Sheriff.*

November 20—4t.

I OFFER FOR SALE,

ON a liberal credit, OR FOR RENT, for three years, the very convenient NEW HOUSE in which I reside, No. 138 Liberty street.

☞Whoever takes the house may also have the furniture, which, if not luxurious, is good, and will be sold on reasonable terms. I will give possession of the whole on the first of April next.

H. BONNET.

November 13—3*

LOOK HERE!

I WILL LET, on Perpetual Lease, that valuable property in the city of Pittsburgh, situated on the east corner of Wood and Second streets, between Second and Third, 56 feet front on Wood street by 60 feet deep, and 60 feet front on Second street by 75 feet deep. Proposals will be taken, after paying a certain portion of money in hand. In case the above is not complied with, on or before the first day of January next ensuing, I will then lease it for the term of three years.

I also offer for sale, on reasonable terms, that valuable LOT OF GROUND, 60 feet front, in First street, running through to Second street, between Wood and Market streets.

☞Information can be had, by calling on the subscriber, at No. 120, in Second, between Wood and Smithfield streets.

J. C. WINEBIDDLE.

Nov. 13—tf.

MANAGERS' OFFICE, PITTSBURGH.

The Union Canal Lottery

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CLASS NUMBER 14, FOR 1829.

To be drawn at Philadelphia,

On THURSDAY, December 17, 1829.

Yates and M'Intyre, Managers.

60 NUMBER LOTTERY—9 DRAWN BALLOTS.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000 is	$30,000
2	10,000	20,000
2	5,000	10,000
1	4,210	4,210
10	1,000	10,000
10	600	6,000
10	500	5,000
10	400	4,000
10	300	3,000
29	200	5,800
51	100	5,100
51	90	4,590
51	80	4,080
51	70	3,570
102	60	6,120
102	50	5,100
102	40	4,080
204	30	6,120
1122	20	22,440
11475	10	114,750
13395 prizes		$273,760
20825 blanks—34220 tickets		

Whole Tickets, $10; *Halves*, $5; *Quarters*, $2,50; *Eighths*, $1,25.

Orders from abroad (post paid) enclosing cash, or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The Register containing an official statement of the drawing will be sent to each adventurer.

☞Cash advanced for prizes on presentation.

Apply to, or address

GEO. A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood st. Pittsburgh.

Managers' Office, Nov. 20, 1829.

MR. E. E. AARON

HAS the honor respectfully to inform the public of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has just arrived in this city, and is the bearer of the celebrated and invaluable LOADSTONE FILES for the radical cure of warts and corns on the feet.

This instrument is sanctioned by the most eminent Medical men on the Continent, invented by the celebrated Dr. Weller, physician to the King of Sweden. This highly approved of instrument consists of a chemical preparation from a mineral substance, found in the Alps of Switzerland, with which any one can remove, with ease and safety, the most inveterate corn, by the simple process of a slight rubbing, according to the directions, which will afford instantaneous relief to sufferers, however great may be their pains, and supersede the necessity of cutting. Its construction is of a nature that no fear need be apprehended for the surrounding flesh, but may be freely used on the softest skin, without ever feeling the slightest pain or inconvenience.

If Mr. Aaron was the possessor of the files only, he could not warrant the cure, but as it has never failed to effect a cure, wherever it has been tried, by being applied according to the directions, it may be warranted with the utmost confidence.

As Mr. Aaron's stay in this city will be limited, he has appointed Messrs. Avery & Co. corners of Wood and Second, and Market and Fourth streets, his general agents, and empowered them to treat with other persons desirous of vending the same, who will be supplied by the agents, free of postage. Price of each file, 50cts; $4 per dozen, and $42 per gross.

October 16, 1829.—w3mo.

For Sale,

THE THREE STORY BRICK BUILDINGS on Third Street near the corner of Market, next door to the Grocery Store of Schweppe & Horner, having convenient back buildings for the accommodation of a family and Store, and being an eligible stand for business.

Apply to

GEO. COCHRAN of Rd.
Agent No. 26 Wood Street.

Pittsburgh June 12, 1829—tf.

THE METROPOLITAN;

OR, CATHOLIC MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Jesus Christ yesterday, and to-day: and he is the same forever.—HEB. xiii. 9.

"Hanc Fidem quem nunc habemus omnes Fideles qui nos præcesserunt a priscis temporibus habuerunt."—LANEFRANC CONTR. BERENG.

"The faith which we profess, was held by all the faithful who have preceded us from the earliest times."

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE, dedicated to Religion and Literature, is about to be issued from this Metropolis. The circumstances under which it takes its origin, are of a nature, at once, to promise it success, and secure its continuance. Approved by the Most Rev. Archbishop—depending on the exertions, science and talents of the Clergy of Maryland, and of the Union, it cannot fail to be conducted in an able and interesting manner. Differing in its character from those religious papers which have already been established, it will neither interfere with their design, nor tend, in any way, to impede their circulation. Its object is, indeed, the same: the dispersion of truth—the dissemination of knowledge—and the vindication of those doctrines and usages of the Church, which have been, and are still, not unfrequently, misrepresented. In pursuing this object, it will be necessary to have recourse to arguments and facts: which, while they strengthen the tenets of the Catholic Church, must tend to the refutation of those of all others. But while these arguments and facts are appealed to, it shall be done with mildness and forbearance, conformably to the spirit of true Charity, on which Religion is essentially founded. The Metropolitan will be divided into four heads, viz:—Religious, Literary, Miscellaneous, Poetical. It will be published monthly in Baltimore, by P. Blenkinsop—the first number will appear in January, 1830. It will be printed in 8vo. on good paper, and forwarded to subscribers through the Post Office. Terms $4 per annum—payable half yearly in advance.

November 17, 1829.—4tw

JOURNAL OF HEALTH,

Conducted by an Association of Physicians.

"Health—the poor man's riches, the rich man's bliss."

THE primary object with the conductors of the Journal of Health, is to point out the means of preserving health and preventing disease. To attain this, all classes and both sexes shall be addressed, in a style familiar and friendly, and with an avoidance of such professional terms and allusions as would in any way obscure the subject or alarm the most fastidious. The fruits of much reading, study, and careful observation, shall be placed before them, so arranged and applied as to conduce most efficaciously to their bodily comfort and mental tranquility. To whatever profession or calling they may belong, the readers of this Journal will find precepts susceptible of valuable application. Air, food, exercise, the reciprocal operation of mind and body, climate and localities, clothing and the physical education of children, are topics of permanent and pervading interest, with the discussion and elucidation of which the pages of the work will be mainly filled.

RECOMMENDATION OF THE WORK.

We approve of the plan on which the publication, entitled the "Journal of Health," is conducted, and believe, that it is calcluated to be useful, by enlightening public opinion on a subject of high importance to the welfare of society. The numbers which have appeared, evince talent, and may be viewed as a pledge of the continued usefulness of the publication, while conducted by its present editors. We, therefore, feel no hesitation in recommending it to public patronage.

Philadelphia, October 13, 1829.

N. Chapman, M. D. Wm. P. Dewees, M. D. Thos. C. James, M. D. Wm. E. Horner, M. D., Professors in the University of Pennsylvania; John C. Otto, M. D. Thos. T. Hewson, M. D. Franklin Bache, M. D. Rev. James Montgomery, D. D. Rector of St. Stephen's Church; Rev. Wm. H. De Lancy, D. D. Provost of the University of Pennsylvania; Rev. B. B. Smith, Editor of the Philadelphia Recorder, and Rector of Grace Church; Rev. G. T. Bedell, Rector of St Andrew's Church; Rev. James Abercrombie, D. D. Assistant Minister of Christ Church and St. Peter's; Rev. George Weller; Rev. Jackson Kemper, Assistant Minister of Christ Church and St. Peter's; Rev. Thomas H. Skinner, D. D. Pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian Church; Rev. Wm. M. Engles, Pastor of the Seventh Presbyterian Church; Rev. John Hughes, Pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic Church; Rev. Michael Hurley, Pastor of St. Augustine Catholic Church; Rev. Wm. H. Furness, Pastor of the First Congregational Church; Rev. W. T. Brantly, Pastor of the First Baptist Church, and Editor of the Columbian Star; Rev. Jno. L. Dagg, Pastor of the Fifth Baptist Church; Rev. Solomon Higgins, Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Union Church; Rev. Manning Force, Pastor of St. George's Methodist Episcopal Church.

In addition to the above, the names of a number of highly esteemed members of the different professions, who are subscribers to the work, might be adduced as expressive of the estimation in which it is held. With one voice, the public press from one end of the continent to the other, has spoken of the Journal of Health in terms of unequivocal commendation.

TERMS.

The Journal of Health will appear in Numbers of 16 pages each, octavo, on the second and fourth Wednesdays of every month. Price per annum, $1 25, in advance. Subscriptions and communications (post paid) will be received by Judah Dobson, Agent, No. 108 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

Subscribers at a distance will discover, that the difficulty in remitting the amount of a single subscription will be obviated by any four of them sending on five dollars to the agent. Those to whom this may not be convenient, can receive sixteen numbers of the work by remitting a dollar to the same person.

The Journal of Health, including index, will form at the end of the year a volume of 400 pages, octavo.

AGENTS.—*J. Dobson*, 108 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia; *W. & J. Neal*, Baltimore; *Wm. Burgess*, 97 Fulton street, New York; *Carter & Hendee*, Boston; and in most of the towns in the United States.

LOOK AT THIS!☞—All persons having Summer and Winter Hydrants, are requested to make use of the lower cock, by using the lever at the top of the hydrant, and leave the other cock open during the winter season, to prevent their freezing. Nov. 13—3t

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BEING determined to visit the City of Washington this winter, on business respecting the claims of the Indian Warrior, or Gen. Wayne's Legion, I wish to communicate to all the surviving members of the late 22d regiment of Infantry, commanded by Col. H. Brady, if any soldier, musician or private has claims for service, or the widows or orphans apply to me at the house of A. Otterson, Union street, before the 25th inst. they will be attended to. N. B.—I have in my possession a copy of all the rolls of the regiment at the close of the war. All communications must be post-paid. WM. MORROW, late Captain 22d Infantry. Nov. 13.

THE BOOK OF THE BOUDOIR, by Lady Morgan. Also, Rybrent De Cruce.—Just received and for sale at the Book-store of Henry Holdship & Son, corner of Third and Wood streets. Nov. 10.—3t

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BARLEY.

THE Subscriber wishes to porchase a quantity of Barley, for which he will pay cash.

H. MACSHANE.

Nov. 10, 1829.—3t

FRESH & WARM
WINTER GOODS.

JUST received, direct from the Philadelphia auctions, a fresh and complete assortment of Winter Goods: consisting of blue, mixed & black broad cloths; yellow, white, and red flannels; red and green baize, and black and drab bearskins; rose, point, and duffield blankets; green floor cloth; bombazetts, bombazines, rattinetts and merinos; lamb's wool half hose, and black and slate hose; fine fancy cravats.

Also, 150 pieces of 7-8, 4-4, & 9-8 bleached and unbleached Muslins, and a fine assortment of other seasonable goods.

ISAAC HARRIS.

Nov. 13.—3t

RETAILERS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDISE.

BY a supplement to an act of the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed March, 1824, laying a duty on the retailers of foreign merchandise and liquors, it becomes the duty of the city and county Treasurers to publish, in the month of November, the names of those who take out a license, and those who do not.

List of those who have taken out a License.

Andrew Wolfe	B. A. Fahnestock
George W. Taylor	M'Clurg & King
John Beatty	A. H. Hoge
Wm. Holmes	Samuel Frew
Samuel B. Coley	Bakewell Page & Bakewells
B. C. Sawyer	John Andoe
John D. Davis	James M'Clane
Samuel Hazlett, Jr.	Aaron Blasdell
Wm. Hemingray	R. M. Patterson
Daniel Haughey	Wm. Barker
Trevor & Breading	James H. Davis
Fitzsimmons & Reed	John Little
Pat'k Leonard	M. & H. M'Cullough
Joseph Estep	Benj. Darlington
Wm. Mitcheltree	Wm. M'Knight & Co.
Henry Gorman	Geo. Fairis & Co.
Geo. W. Jackson	Doct. Geo. Dawson
Robert Redpath	Chas. Avery & Co.
James Anderson	Avery & Co.
F. Rouand	Tassey & Bisaell
Wm. Daily & Co.	Jonathan Kidd
George Boggs	Wm. Hutcheson
Francis R. Dravo	R. Miller, jr. & Co.
C. & A. Bidwell	Wm. M. Semple & Co.
Robert H. Gray	James Brown & Son
Andrew Fleming	James Brown
Ormsby Gregg	Wm. R. Gormly
Wm. Duff	Gallway & Co.
Edward Duff	John Russell
Robert Whiteside	A. & S. George
Nath'l M'Calley	E. Hatch
John Dalzell	Thompson & Miller
Wm. Misskelly	Park & Co.
M. & F. Tiernan	James Taylor
Patrick Connolly	M. Herrington
Fred'k. Bauders	James Verner
Wm. Irwin	Thos. Robinson
John Thompson	Joseph Caskey
Rody Hammill	Samuel Cooper
Rich'd. Hughes	Jones & Robinson
W. W. Fearns	Chas. L. Voltz
John Ramsey	John Bell
A. H. Harvy	S. Baird & Co.
James Graham	H. Alexander & Co.
Nath'l. Carlisle	John Hannen
Bartholomy Manning	Schweppe & Horner
James M'Cully	Hugh M'Clelland
Thos. M'Kibbin	Luke Loomis & Co.
Wm. Stevenson, jr.	Geo. Jackson
Edw'd. Singelton	Thos. F. Fairman
Rufus Coles	Hugh Robertson
Wm. Cannon	James Crawford
Wm. D. Harris & Co.	Robert Irwin
Joseph Watts & Co.	N. & W. Pusey
A. Way & Co.	J. Shea & Co.
John Finney	David Ferguson
F. W. Boggs	James Marshall
Wm. Leonard	M. & A. Leech
John M'Ginness	Edward Kerns
Joseph Hazlet	J. Jones & Co.
Saml. Spencer	Gabriel Adams
S. P. Darlington & Co.	Henry Coulter
James Dalzell	Sturly Cuthbert
Levi Hayne	William Barr
G. R. White & Co.	M. S. Mason and M'Donough
James Abercrombie	Wm. Bell & Co.
John Whitten	Andrew Beggs
Robert Fleming	E. Stoner
Thos. G. Gaylord	Henry Stafford
Wm. Hair	Robert Williams
J. H. Cresson & Co.	Charles Brewer
Baily & Co.	Geo. Breed
James P. Stewart	Peter Cassilly
Andrew Kirkwood	Charles Craig
Gawin Dunlap	James Layborn
H. Holdship & Son	Pettigrew & Clayland
John Street	
Sam'l. Fahnestock	

Those who have not taken out a license.

Martin Lytle	James Lappin & Co.
Geo. Dunlap	H. Earle
Robert M'Ilwane	Bernard Grant
Hobbs & Kerr	James Carson
Robert Baird	William M'Mullen
John Greer	John King
Geo. Bradshaw	Arch. Moore
Gray & Black	B. Burns
I. R. Smith & Co.	A. L. Kerr
Eliacum Lilley	Myers Painter & Co.
Jane Blair	M'Ilwane & Co.
Thomson & Wardlaw	Joseph Marlatt
E. Magury	Wm. Ebbs & Co.
Robert Morton	R. Lindell & Co.
H. Stewart	John Hewitt
Robert Knox	Thomas Taylor
Benoni Hubbel	Wetmore & Haven
Evan Edwards	N. & W. F. Hamilton
James Small	Mich. Mullin
Elizabeth Merrington	Wm. Mullin
Alex. Smith	Moses Stevenson
John Smith	James Kerr
Mrs. Nolen	A. M'Creery & Co.
Mrs. Rippey	Findlay & Madeira
Mrs. Seargeant	N. & W. Prestley
Park & Lymanon	Tho. Dickson
Mrs. Birmingham	H. Fullerton, jr.
Hugh M'Masters	Isaac Harris
James M'Farland	James Anderson
John Marshall	B. Troost
John Swartzwelder	Wm. M'Millen
Richard Cowling	J. H. Sewell
Thomas M'Fadden	Wm. Borrett, Ag't.
Susan Cecil	N. Richardson
Stewart & Hunter	Rachel Watson
James Gormly	Sarah Glenn
Joseph Kerr	Mary Hazelton
John Kerr	Stephen Hague
James Fulton	Sarah A. Canan
John Seetin	Eliza Kerr
James Adams Jr. & Co.	Geo. Kirkpatrick
William Nimick	Geo. Dunlap
G. M'Kown	J. & J. Parker
James Taylor	

W. GRAHAM, JR.
Treasurer of the City of Pittsburgh.

Nov. 10.—3t

Flaxseed Meal, or Ground Oil Cake,

A VERY cheap and superior article of food for cows, horses, &c. will be delivered at any place in the city, at 75 cents per barrel, or sold very low at the mill, by the barrel. Orders may be left at the store of M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Front street, or at the Oil Mill, in Bayardstown.

Oct. 23.—6tw

NEW MUSIC.—PIANO FORTES.

W. R. COPPOCK has received, and for sale, at his Music Room, 39 Second-st. opposite the Post Office, two elegant Piano Fortes, from the celebrated factory of Firth & Hale, New York; which, for quality of tone, and evenness of ouch, are not equalled in this place. Also, a choice collection of MUSIC, comprising all the new and fashionable Songs, Marches, Rondos, Variations, &c. &c. of New York and Boston; the whole will be disposed of at the original price.

Ladies wishing to obtain music, can hear the same played over before purchasing.

Mr. Coppock's class for Young Ladies on the Piano Forte, with singing, is now commencing.—Application to be made as above.

N. B.—Piano Fortes tuned.

October 6, 1829.—tf

NOTICE.

JAMES KERR, of the city of Pittsburgh, Merchant, having this day executed an assignment to the subscribers, of all his real property, and all the goods, wares and merchandise, which are in his store, or elsewhere, for the purpose of sale, and also, all his actions, rights of action, claims and demands whatsoever, for the benefit of and in trust for such of his creditors residing in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, as shall, within thirty days from the date thereof, sign a release of the said James Kerr, from all actions, rights of action, and demands, whatsoever. Public notice is hereby given, that the assignment may be seen on application to either of the subscribers residing in Pittsburgh, or to Alexander M'Clurg, of the city of Philadelphia, Merchant.

WM. BELL,
DAVID KING,
GEORGE FARIS.

Oct. 16—6t.

☞*NEW FUR AND CAP STORE,*

No. 66 Wood Street, 3d door above Fourth.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has opened the above Store, and has now on hand a large assortment of

CAPS,

Wholesale and Retail, on the most accommodating terms. The following form a part of the Stock, viz:—Sup. Dyed Otter, Dyed Fur Seal, Nat'l do. Dyed Muskrat, Patent Leather, Morocco, Dyed Rackoon, Dyed and Natural Nutria, Black Hair Seal, Grey do., Cloth, Leopard Seal, &c. &c. CAPS. Misses' Chinchilla, Fur Seal, and Muskrat TURBANS. ☞FUR COLLARS, TOBACCO POUCHES, and Patent Leather STOCKS.

LILLIBRIDGE'S PATENT
COMPOSITION HINGE STOCKS.

JOHN SIBBET.

N. B.—Country Merchants supplied on the most reasonable terms. ☞FURS and SKINS BOUGHT, or taken in exchange.

October 6—6t.

THE MONONGAHELA AND COAL HILL TURNPIKE.

AT an Election for President, Treasurer, and six Managers of "The Monongahela and Coal Hill Turnpike Company," held at the house of Isaac Hill, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Wednesday, the 4th day of November 1829, the following persons were duly elected, viz:

President—Henry Holdship.
Treasurer—Wm. Graham, Jr.
Managers—H. Beltzhoover, Noble Calhoun, Dr. Joseph Curry, F. Bausman, John M'Kee, James S. Craft.

H. BELTZHOOVER, Pres't.

FRED'K BAUSMAN, Sec'y, pro tem.

Nov. 6—3t.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of A. M'Creery & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All claims by and against the concern, will be settled by A. M'Creery, by whom the business will hereafter be conducted.

A. M'CREERY,
DAVID L. BROWNE.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 5, 1829. Nov. 10.—3t

WM. G. DAVIS & CO.

MAIN STREET, BLAIRSVILLE,

WILL attend to Receiving, Storing, and Forwarding Merchandise of every description which may be confided to their care, to be conveyed by either the canal or land carriage.

ALSO,

A general Agency & Commission Business.

Blairsville, Oct. 30—7t

NEW LINE.

DAVID LEECH'S LINE of CANAL BOATS.

THE subscriber having fitted up several new Boats, for the reception of Freight and the accommodation of Passengers, has established a Line to run regularly between PITTSBURGH AND BLAIRSVILLE.

One of the Line Boats will start from Pittsburgh, on every *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 5 o'clock, P. M. and run through to Blairsville, (73 miles,) in 30 hours.

A Boat of this line will also leave Blairsville at the same time, and arrive in regular succession at Pittsburgh and Blairsville, (their respective places of destination,) on every *Wednesday, Friday,* and *Sunday,* at 7 A. M.

Freight, entrusted to this Line, will receive the utmost care and diligence; and every convenience and accommodation will be extended to Passengers.

☞ Freight (whole distance) 20 *cents per cwt.*
☞ Passengers 2 *cents per mile.*

For Freight or Passage, Apply to the respective Captains on Board, or to *Wm. Robinson, Jr.* Allegheny-town; to *Mark Graham,* at Blairsville, or to the subscriber at Leechburgh. D. LEECH.

October 30—tf.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Executors.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP existing under the firm of O'Leary & Bailey, Glass-Cutters, trading under the term of the "Franklin Cut Glass Manufactory," will be dissolved by mutual consent on the 20th day of November. Therefore, all persons having any demands against the said firm, will please present them for settlement, and those indebted, to settle their accounts with either of the subscribers.

WILLIAM O'LEARY.
WILLIAM BAILEY.

November 6—3t*

WIRE FACTORY.

THE BEAVER WIRE FACTORY is now in full operation, and prepared to supply the demand for Iron Wire, from No. 1 to No. 35, of a superior quality, and at the lowest rates. This wire has been pronounced, by those who are in the habit of using it, to be much superior, in every respect, to the English wire which has been heretofore imported. Western Merchants, Manufacturers, and others who deal in this article, are requested to forward their orders to

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co. *or*
R. TOWNSEND & Co.
Agents for the Factory.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 20, 1829.—tf

WHOLESALE

QUEENSWARE,
Glass & China Warehouse,

WOOD STREET.

Thomas G. Gaylord

IS now receiving large supplies of QUEENSWARE and CHINA, which, added to his former stock, will make his assortment very large and complete.

He is prepared to pack all orders at the shortest notice, and at the lowest Baltimore and Philadelphia prices, with very low carriage.

Western merchants, who wish to sell assorted crates, and retailers, are invited to call and furnish themselves on as accommodating terms as can be had east or west of the mountains.

Pittsburgh, May 8.

Through to Baltimore in 3 and a half days.

IMPORTANT TO BALTIMORE & PHILADELPHIA TRAVELLERS.

EAGLE line of Splendid Post Coaches leaves Griffith's Pittsburgh Hotel, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 9 o'clock, A. M.; by the way of Mount Pleasant, Somerset, Bedford, M'Connelsburgh, and Chambersburgh, to Baltimore and Philadelphia, through in three and a half days, travelling by day-light only.

Superior Coaches, first rate teams, and careful, sober drivers, are on this route.

FOR JAS. REESIDES & Co.
Proprietors.
WM. FULLER, *Agent.*

Nov. 10.—4w

For Sale,

A COMPLETE set of Coppersmith's Tools, and a number of Tin Plate Worker's do. Inquire of

GEORGE MILTENBERGER,
No. 12 Market Street

May 12—tf.

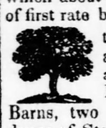
FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, on the Monongahela River: apply at the Office Bank United States, in Pittsburgh.

August 21, 1829.—tf.

☞A FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale the TRACT OF LAND lately occupied by the Rev. John Riddell, deceased, situated on the waters of Robinson's Run, in Fayette Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania; two miles from Noblestown, and ten miles from the City of Pittsburgh. The state road from Williamsburgh to Pittsburgh runs through the tract. It contains 430 acres, of which about 200 are cleared; upwards of 50 acres of first rate bottom, 20 of which are in meadow;



the whole in good repair and well watered. There are on the premises 3 good Dwelling-houses, and two

Barns, two Apple and Peach Orchards, abundance of Stone Coal, and a good Mill-Seat.

☞The tract will be sold entire, or divided to suit purchasers. The terms will be made known by either of the executors, who reside near the land.

HUGH RIDDELL,
WM. STURGEON,
BENJAMIN KELSO, } *Ex'rs.*

October 13, 1829.—tf

FOR SALE,

THE BASSENHEIM FURNACE, together with a suitable quantity of LAND, situated near Zelienople, Butler county, on the Connoquinessing Creek.

The Furnace is worked by a Steam Engine, in complete order.

For further particulars and the terms, inquire of *Neville B. Craig, Esq.* or *Mr. Charles L. Volz,* Pittsburgh, or *Mr. P. L. Passavant,* Zelienople.

July 28.—w3m.

For Coughs, Consumptions,

Colds, Influenzas, Whooping Coughs, Spasmodic Asthma, Pain in the side, Difficulty of Breathing and Want of Sleep.

CERTIFICATES.

WE, the subscribers have sold *La Mott's Cough Drops,* as agents for the Messrs. *Crosbys.* The Medicine has obtained the approbation of the public, by effecting many cures of the diseases for which it is recommended. We have therefore no hesitation in recommending LA MOTT'S COUGH DROPS as an excellent medicine.

G. Dawson, druggist, and late U S Surgeon at Fort Fayette, Pittsburgh, Pa. J. Hamm, M D and E D Downer, druggists, Zanesville: Wm. Mount, M D Dayton; M. Wolf & Co. Apothecary's Hall, Goodwin and Ashton and Fairchilds & Co. druggists, Cincinnati; Ira Delano, druggist, Chillicothe; S Sharpless, merchant, St. Clairsville; B Brubacher & Co. merchants Springfield; L P Frazier, merchant Xenia; Wm. Lowry, merchant, (O;) Dr. E Ferris, Lawrenceburgh; Dr. H Watts, Madison; (Indiana,) Thomas Wells, druggist, Nashville; Thomas Davis, Steubenville; and Dr George M'Daniel, Clarksville, (Tenn.;) Byers & Butler, druggists, Louisville; F. Floyd, druggist, Frankfort; Dr. M Q Ashby, Richmond; Crutchfield &] Russel, druggists, Danville; M'Ilvaine & Allen, merchants, Shelbyville, P B Price, merchant, Georgetown; T & H Brents, merchants Flemingshurgh; T R Atwood, Greensburgh; F Frabue, druggist, Russelville; and R M Kercheville, druggist, Bairdstown, (Ky.)

Certificates of important cures will accompany each Bottle, with particular directions for using.

☞Sold wholesale by O & S Crosby, Columbus, Ohio, and by I. Thompson, Smith and Pearsall, Fullerton and Saxton, Butler and Jenkins, druggists, *Philadelphia,* and by S Sweetser, George and James Bailey, George H & J S Keerl, *Baltimore.* Each bottle contains 45 doses—price $1.

Sold by special appointment wholesale and retail, at the Drug and Medical Warehouse of

DR G. DAWSON,
Wood Street Pittsburgh.

May 5, 1829—1yism.

Land For Sale.

A PLANTATION and tract of 180 acres, 3 miles North of the Ohio river, 2 miles S. of Johnston's mills, 4 miles E. of Economy, and 16 miles N. W. of Pittsburgh: *Is a good stand for a Blacksmith's shop,* having been occupied as such for several years.

ALSO—SEVERAL TRACTS and parts of tracts, in the same quarter of the country, and some in Beaver county.

ALSO—A TRACT of IMPROVED LAND situate on both sides of the Greensburgh, Turnpike Road between 9 and 10 miles from Pittsburgh; abounds with coal, and partly with limestone.

ALSO—Land in Armstrong and Indiana counties, North of Penn. Canal, also in Mercer and Crawford counties,

Apply to A. Way & Co. Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber, Sewickly Bottom, Beaver road.

DAVID SHIELDS.

Feb. 15, 1829—wtf.

OLNEY'S GEOGRAPHY,
AND
COBB'S SPELLING BOOK,

FOR SALE BY LUKE LOOMIS & Co. No. 98 Wood street. Oct. 30—4t

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER whose name is affixed to the firm of Steele and Carlisle advertised below, was the *sole Capitalist* in the late firm of *W. Steele & Co.* I. STEELE.

November 9th 1827—tf.

STEELE & CARLISLE,

(Successors of W. Steele & Co.)

Commission Merchants,

OFFER FOR SALE, ON LIBERAL TERMS,

LEAF and Manufactured TOBACCO
JUNIATA IRON—assorted
ditto NAILS do
ditto Nail, Spike and Deck Rods
Shovels—Spades—Axes and Hoes
Pittsburgh and Geneva WINDOW GLASS
Pig and Bar LEAD—White Lead in Oil
Wire Sifters, assorted—Drawing Chains
Superior Spanish SEGARS, &c. &c

Pittsburgh, November 9—tf

FOR SALE,

SEVERAL LOTS on Grant's Hill, at the corner of High-street and Coal-lane, on which are two frame DWELLING HOUSES, each two stories high, and twenty feet front, and two extensive frame buildings suitable for manufacturing purposes.

Apply to Benjamin Darlington, Pittsburgh, No. 49 Market-street.

Sept. 29, 1829.—tf

FOR SALE,

THAT well known TAVERN STAND in Union street, at present occupied by by Mr. Joseph Barclay.

Also,—LOT No. 12, Brown's plan, bounded by No. 11 O'Hara street, Bedford alley and Brown street; 28 feet in front, by 123½ feet deep.

For further particulars please apply to the subscriber, corner of Water street and Cherry alley.

JAMES SCOTT.

Pittsburgh, June 23, 1829.—wtf.

The Adelphae Seminary,

THIS institution, under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Quinan, is delightfully situated in Allegheny, and, as a proof of the healthiness of the place, there has not been, since its commencement, a single instance of serious indisposition.

The outfit required with each pupil is, a mattress, a bolster, two pair of sheets and bolster cases, with sufficient other covering suitable to the season, towels, brushes, combs, &c. and with respect to wardrobe, the selection to be made rather with a view to plainness than otherwise; but it is recommended to consult the principals on this subject, as *uniformity* in *style* of dressing is necessary to preserve harmony amongst the pupils.

TERMS YEARLY, to be paid half yearly in advance.

English Tuition and Board,	$ 120,00.
The French Language, Drawing, or Dancing, each,	10,00.
Music,	20,00.

No pupil will be received over fourteen years of age, or for a less period of time than a year, unless by special agreement.

Physician's and Dentist's bills, washing, and other incidental charges, at the expense of the Pupils.

No deduction made for any time a Pupil may be absent.

Oct. 20—tf.

BUILDING LOTS

FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL a number of BUILDING LOTS, adjoining my late residence in the vicinity of Pittsburgh—A plan of the same may be seen, and terms made known by calling at No. 12, corner of Market and Front street.

GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 28—tf.

Paper Moulds.

THE subscriber has on hand, an assortment of Paper Moulds, which he will sell cheap.

ALSO,

Three Hundred Dozen Horse Cards

OF THE BEST MANUFACTURE.

EDWARD FABER,

Corner of Wood and Fifth Streets, opposite Col. Ramsey's Hotel.

Pittsburgh, October 6, 1829.—tf

COTTON AND WOOLLEN Machinery.

THE subscribers, manufacturers of Cotton and Woollen Machinery, respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the above business at No. 24, Water street, between Market and Ferry streets, where they have fitted up their shop in a superior stile with the most approved tools; and that they are now ready to receive any order in their line. Also TURNING LATHES, of various descriptions, and many other kinds of tools, will be made and finished to order.

F. A. Bemis recently came from Massachusetts, and has been for many years engaged in the building of Cotton and Woollen Machinery, and has had access to the principal shops in the eastern States where he has acquired a knowledge of the most approved machinery now in use. We solicit a share of public patronage, and nothing shall be wanting on our part to give perfect satisfaction.

Application can be made at the Machine Shop, or to Messrs. L. & P. Peterson, on the corner of Market and Front streets.

F. A. BEMIS & CO.

☞Having a contract for cotton machinery new on hand, persons desirous of examining the work, can have an opportunity by calling at the machine shop.

F. A. B. & Co.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 13, 1829—eptf.

The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Manngers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the undersigned will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN. } *Commis'nrs.*

Feb. 22, 1828.—tf.

J. C. BUCKLES,
Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.

December 21, 1827—tf.

TO RENT,

A BRICK HOUSE in Third, between Wood and Market Streets. Inqure of

CHAS. H. ISRAELL,
Paterson's Row.

Sept. 1.—tf.

MACHINE COTTON CARDS, No. 33.

9 COMPLETE SETS, 24 Inches.

100 Bales Prime ALABAMA COTTON.

For Sale by

ADAMS, ALLEN, & Co.

Sept. 11, 1829.—tf

Fort Pitt Glass Works.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18, 1829.—tf

Pittsburgh and Philadelphia
CLOTHING STORE.

GEORGE C. MORGAN, No. 132, Wood-street, (next door to Dr. Speer's,) has just furnished his FASHIONABLE CLOTHING-STORE with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞Work made to order, on the shortest notice.

Sept. 25.—tf.

GREAT CURIOSITIES,
AT LAMBDIN'S MUSEUM.

IN addition to the usual attractions of this institution, a great number of additional curiosities have been added during the last two days: amongst wich are—

Two living *White Crows;* the *Emur,* or South American Ostrich, 5 feet 6 inches high; *Brown Tiger,* or Great American Panther; *Patagonian Penguin; Coatimundi;* several *Monkeys; two living Porcupines; Porcupine Fish; Lobster, 3 feet long; Shells, Corals, &c. &c.*

The Museum is open every day, and brilliantly illuminated every evening.—Admittance 25 cents, children 12 1-2.

August 18, 1829.—tf.

ALLEGHENY OUT LOTS,
FOR SALE.

FOUR ACRES of LAND, which will be sold in four separate Lots, to suit purchasers, or the whole together. This ground is handsomely situated—it is one of the most eligible situations for a country residence; it is but one mile from the Allegheny Bridge, adjoining land of the Rev. John H. Hopkins. It is unnecessary to give a farther description, as purchasers will have an opportunity of examining for themselves.

For terms of sale inquire of Robert Park on the premises, John E. Park at the Drug Store of John Hannen, Esq. or of Dr. Charles L. Armstrong, No. 81 Front street.

Pittsburgh, July 28, 1829.

NEW & FASHIONABLE
BOOT & SHOE STORE.

No. 134 Liberty Street.

THE subscribers have received and offer for sale a general assortment of Philadelphia manufactured

BOOTS & SHOES

Of a superior quality, among which are

Ladies' common leather, Morrocco and lasting Boots,
Do colored and black lasting Shoes,
Misses' and Children's black colored do
Gentlemen's Calf-skin, Morrocco and Seal skin Boots,
Do Monroe and plain Shoes,
Do dancing and walking Pumps,
Do over Shoes—*not gum elastic,*
Do coarse Shoes, Monroe and plain,
Boy's coarse and fine Monroe and plain,

As this work is particularly manufactured for Pitsburgh, the public may be assured that none will be offered that is not of good squality.

Also a constant supply of

Morrocco, Goat Skins, Black and Red, of a superior quality; Cream clored and Yellow Roans for Bootl-lining.

N. B. Customer's work attended to by W. Closey as usual. CLOSEY & BRADY.

Pittsburgh, Feb, 27, 1829—wtf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale that valuable and well known property, adjoining the town of Noblestown, and distant twelve miles from the city of Pittsburgh.

There are in this tract of land 500 acres, 175 of which are cleared, and under good cultivation. It contains a fine meadow, and an excellent Apple Orchard, besides valuable coal banks and never failing springs of good water. As a stock farm, it has but few equals.

There are erected on this property the following buildings, viz:—A *Steam Grist Mill,* with two pair of French Burrs, and one pair of country stones, together with all the appurtenances necessary for doing merchant work on a large scale; a *Saw Mill* in good working order, which is propelled by water power; *three Dwelling Houses,* and *two Barns.* The above farm is intersected by good roads for transporting produce to a market, either on the Ohio river or at Pittsburgh, and is in a wealthy neighborhood.

If this property be not sold together, it will be divided to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living in Pittsburgh.

SCUDDER HART.

August 7, 1829—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
Booksellers, Printers,
Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

March 14.—tf.

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son,* a fresh supply of Book and News INK, for fall and summer use, in kegs from 13 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

June 6—tf